## 2012 Nebraska Workforce Report



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## INTRODUCTION

This report identifies healthcare professions with notable vacancy and turnover rates and provides information on workforce trends. In January 2012, Compdata Surveys collected workforce data from 67 Nebraska hospitals employing 23,313 full time equivalent employees. Of these participants, 49 hospitals employing 5,275 full time equivalent employees are classified as critical access hospitals.

Data is collected from the prior calendar year, and results are provided by state and by NHA district. See the map below for district breakouts. No data elements are reported with fewer than 5 participating organizations. If the minimum sample requirements are not satisfied, an (*) is displayed. Due to insufficient data, District 1 is included in the statewide vacancy and turnover rates, however, it does not show as a separate breakout.

This year's report shows an overall trend toward lower vacancy and turnover rates statewide. Overall in 2011, Nebraska hospitals saw lower vacancy rates for 45.5 percent of the positions surveyed. For hospitals, only 27.3 percent of the positions surveyed showed a higher turnover rate in 2011 compared to 2010. Alternatively, critical access hospitals reported a higher turnover rate in 2011 for 71.4 percent of positions.

Since 2009, the Bureau of Labor Statistics shows a continued decrease in the variance between the eligible Nebraska labor force and actual employment levels. This means that while there is still vacancy and turnover, more employees were able to find work over the past couple of years.


## LABOR FORCE \& EMPLOYMENT LEVELS

According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment throughout the United States increased in healthcare, transportation, warehousing, wholesale trade, but declined in the construction industry. In all other industries, employment showed little change. Throughout the year, healthcare employment rose by almost 340,000 employees.

Overall, there is a clear decline in unemployment in Nebraska since 2009. Unemployment showed its highest change in June 2011 when the number of unemployed dropped by over 8,000. At its most significant decrease, April 2011 showed a 16.9 percent drop in the variance between labor force and employment. This emphasizes the fact that more of the labor force in Nebraska is finding work.

VARIANCE BETWEEN NEBRASKA LABOR FORCE \& EMPLOYMENT SINCE LAST YEAR

| 2011 |  |  |  | 2010 to 2011 TOTAL VARIANCE | 2010 to 2011 <br> \% CHANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | LABOR FORCE | EMPLOYMENT | VARIANCE |  |  |
| January | 978,648 | 936,784 | 41,864 | $-4,175$ | -9.1\% |
| February | 980,758 | 938,924 | 41,834 | -5,743 | -12.1\% |
| March | 984,262 | 942,484 | 41,778 | -7,536 | -15.3\% |
| April | 988,163 | 946,825 | 41,338 | -8,429 | -16.9\% |
| May | 989,551 | 948,556 | 40,995 | -7,701 | -15.8\% |
| June | 987,528 | 946,411 | 41,117 | -6,655 | -13.9\% |
| July | 986,319 | 945,054 | 41,265 | -4,947 | -10.7\% |
| August | 989,753 | 947,644 | 42,109 | -3,157 | -7.0\% |
| September | 995,250 | 953,163 | 42,087 | -3,150 | -7.0\% |
| October | 999,737 | 957,711 | 42,026 | -3,194 | -7.1\% |
| November | 1,001,098 | 960,959 | 40,949 | -3,444 | -7.8\% |
| December | 1,004,529 | 963,183 | 41,346 | -1,855 | -4.3\% |

NEBRASKA UNEMPLOYMENT DECLINING SINCE 2009

| 2009 to 2011 |  | 2009 to 2011 <br> TOTAL DECLINE | 2009 to 2011 <br> \% CHANGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | 2009 UNEMPLOYMENT |  |  | -939 |
| January | 42,803 | 41,864 | $-2.2 \%$ |  |
| February | 43,054 | 41,834 | $-1,220$ | $-2.8 \%$ |
| March | 46,881 | 41,778 | $-5,103$ | $-10.9 \%$ |
| April | 44,383 | 41,338 | $-3,045$ | $-6.9 \%$ |
| May | 47,211 | 40,995 | $-6,216$ | $-13.2 \%$ |
| June | 49,177 | 41,117 | $-8,060$ | $-16.4 \%$ |
| July | 48,607 | 41,265 | $-7,342$ | $-15.1 \%$ |
| August | 49,157 | 42,109 | $-7,048$ | $-14.3 \%$ |
| September | 48,362 | 42,087 | $-6,275$ | $-13.0 \%$ |
| October | 48,266 | 42,026 | $-6,240$ | $-12.9 \%$ |
| November | 44,756 | 40,949 | $-3,807$ | $-8.5 \%$ |
| December | 46,299 | 41,346 | $-4,953$ | $-10.7 \%$ |
| OVERALL | $\mathbf{5 5 8 , 9 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 8 , 7 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{- 6 0 , 2 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 0 . 8}$ |

Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov

## LABOR FORCE \& EMPLOYMENT LEVELS



US - AGE OF WORKERS

| AGE OF WORKERS | \# OF WORKERS (in thousands) |  |  |  | VARIANCE |  |  | PERCENT CHANGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 | 2020 | 1990-2000 | 2000-2010 | 2010-2020 | 1990-2000 | 2000-2010 | 2010-2020 |
| 16 Years Old | 125,840 | 142,583 | 153,889 | 164,360 | 16,743 | 11,306 | 10,471 | 13.3 | 7.9 | 6.8 |
| 16 to 24 Years Old | 22,492 | 22,520 | 20,934 | 18,330 | 28 | -1,586 | $-2,604$ | 0.1 | -7.0 | -12.4 |
| 25 to 54 Years Old | 88,322 | 101,394 | 102,940 | 104,619 | 13,072 | 1,546 | 1,679 | 14.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 55 and Older | 15,026 | 18,669 | 30,014 | 41,411 | 3,643 | 11,345 | 11,397 | 24.2 | 60.8 | 38.0 |

US LABOR FORCE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

| Educational | Employment Status | May 2011 | May 2012 | Variance |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attainment | Bachelor's | Civilian Labor Force (in thousands) | 46,778 | 48,191 |
| Degree <br> and Higher | Employed (in thousands) | 44,766 | 46,408 | 1,642 |
|  | Unemployed (in thousands) | 2,012 | 1,783 | -229 |
|  | Unemployment Rate | $4.3 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $-0.6 \%$ |
| Associate's | Civilian Labor Force (in thousands) | 36,659 | 36,899 | 240 |
| Degree <br> or Some <br> College | Employed (in thousands) | 33,898 | 34,157 | 259 |
|  | Unemployed (in thousands) | 2,761 | 2,741 | -20 |
| High School | Civilian Labor Force (in thousands) | 37,670 | 37,119 | -551 |
| Graduates <br> with No <br> College | Unemployment Rate | $7.5 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $-0.1 \%$ |
|  | Employed (in thousands) | 34,247 | 34,239 | -8 |
|  | Unemployed (in thousands) | 3,423 | 2,880 | -543 |
| Less than a | Civilian Labor Force (in thousands) | 11,669 | 11,670 | 1 |
|  | Unemployment Rate | $9.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $-1.3 \%$ |
| High School |  |  |  |  |
| Diploma | Employed (in thousands) | 10,072 | 10,242 | 170 |
|  | Unemployed (in thousands) | 1,597 | 1,428 | -169 |
|  | Unemployment Rate | $13.7 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $-1.5 \%$ |

[^0]
## CT TECHNOLOGIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of CTTechnologists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.8\%


CT TECHNOLOGIST


## CT TECHNOLOGIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of CTTechnologists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 1.2\%


CTTECHNOLOGIST


## MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN MLT

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of MLTs will increase by 15 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

VACANCY RATE
Statewide 4.4\%

tURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.1\%


MEDICALLABORATORY TECHNICIAN MLT


## MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN MLT

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of MLTs will increase by 15 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.4\%


## tURNOVER RATE

Statewide 10.1\%


MEDICALLABORATORY TECHNICIAN MLT


## MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIST MT

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of MTs will increase by 11 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 2.0\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 8.8\%


MEDICALTECHNOLOGISTMT


## MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIST MT

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of MTs will increase by 11 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 2.7\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 8.5\%


MEDICALTECHNOLOGISTMT


## RADIOLOGY TECHNOLOGIST R.T.R

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of RTRs will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.9\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.5\%


RADIOLOGY TECHNOLOGIST R.T.R


## RADIOLOGY TECHNOLOGIST R.T.R

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of RTRs will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 2.1\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.7\%


RADIOLOGY TECHNOLOGIST R.T.R


## SONOGRAPHER - ULTRASOUND

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of sonographers will increase by 44 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.7\%

tURNOVER RATE
Statewide 10.8\%


SONOGRAPHER - ULTRASOUND


## SONOGRAPHER - ULTRASOUND

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of sonographers will increase by 44 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 8.9\%


SONOGRAPHER -ULTRASOUND


## LPN - (NON-I.V. CERTIFIED)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of LPNs will increase by 22 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 3.8\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 11.0\%



## LPN - (NON-I.V. CERTIFIED)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of LPNs will increase by 22 percent from 2010 to 2020.

CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 3.4\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 12.0\%


LPN - (NON-IV CERTIFIED)


## LPN - (I.V. CERTIFIED)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of LPNs will increase by 22 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.6\%



## LPN - (I.V. CERTIFIED)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of LPNs will increase by 22 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.7\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.4\%



## NURSE - STAFF (RN)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of RNs will increase by 26 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 4.5\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.8\%



## NURSE - STAFF (RN)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of RNs will increase by 26 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 2.9\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 8.5\%



## UNLICENSED ASSISTIVE PERSONNEL (nurse assistant \& patient care tech)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of CNAs will increase by 20 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 6.1\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 16.8\%


UNLICENSED ASSISTIVEPERSONNEL


## UNLICENSED ASSISTIVE PERSONNEL(nurse assistant \& patient care tech)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of CNAs will increase by 20 percent from 2010 to 2020.

CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 4.7\%

turnover rate
Statewide 21.2\%


UNLICENSED ASSISTIVEPERSONNEL


## OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of OTs will increase by 33 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 10.7\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 2.9\%


OCCUPATIONALTHERAPIST


## OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of OTs will increase by 33 percent from 2010 to 2020.

CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 20.5\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 4.8\%


OCCUPATIONALTHERAPIST


## PHYSICAL THERAPIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of PTs will increase by 39 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 5.3\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.5\%



## PHYSICAL THERAPIST

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of PTs will increase by 39 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

VACANCY RATE
Statewide 2.8\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 6.8\%



## PHYSICAL THERAPY ASSISTANT - CERTIFIED (PTA)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of PTAs will increase by 46 percent from 2010 to 2020.

ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 5.1\%


## PHYSICAL THERAPY ASSISTANT - CERTIFIED (PTA)

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of PTAs will increase by 46 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 3.3\%


PHYSICALTHERAPY ASSISTANT-CERTIFIED
(PTA)


## RESPIRATORY THERAPIST - CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of respiratory therapists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

VACANCY RATE
Statewide 1.4\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.4\%



## RESPIRATORY THERAPIST - CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of respiratory therapists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 6.1\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 11.6\%


RESPIRATORYTHERAPIST-CERTIFIED


## RESPIRATORY THERAPIST - REGISTERED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of respiratory therapists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

VACANCY RATE
Statewide 2.6\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.1\%



## RESPIRATORY THERAPIST - REGISTERED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of respiratory therapists will increase by 28 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 8.9\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 12.0\%



## PHARMACIST - STAFF

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of pharmacists will increase by 25 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 2.6\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.4\%



## PHARMACIST - STAFF

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of pharmacists will increase by 25 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 4.1\%



## PHARMACY TECHNICIAN - CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of pharmacy techs will increase by 32 percent from 2010 to 2020.

ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.2\%

## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 5.8\%


PHARMACYTECHNICIAN-CERTIFIED


## PHARMACY TECHNICIAN - CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of pharmacy techs will increase by 32 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

VACANCY RATE
Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 4.5\%



## SURGICAL TECHNICIAN - NON-CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of surgical techs will increase by 19 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 1.0\%


## TURNOVER RATE

Statewide 9.9\%


SURGICALTECHNICIAN-NON-CERTIFIED


## SURGICAL TECHNICIAN - NON-CERTIFIED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of surgical techs will increase by 19 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 9.6\%


SURGICALTECHNICIAN - NON-CERTIFIED


## MEDICAL RECORDS CODER

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of coders will increase by 21 percent from 2010 to 2020.

## ALL HOSPITALS

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 3.4\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 6.4\%



## MEDICAL RECORDS CODER

The Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts national employment of coders will increase by 21 percent from 2010 to 2020.

CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS ONLY

## VACANCY RATE

Statewide 0.0\%


TURNOVER RATE
Statewide 5.9\%


MEDICALRECORDS CODER


## FORECASTS

The national unemployment rate began a steady increase in April 2008. The first signs of a decline were evident in 2010, and this trend continued in 2011. While unemployment held steady most of the year, there was a notable decline in the final two months of 2011. The midwest experienced greater variance in 2011 with unemployment rates ranging from 7.9 to 8.7 percent.


[^1]
## FORECASTS

Since January 2008, the Nebraska unemployment rate has experienced a steady incline, reaching its highest peak at 5.0 percent in April 2010. As of May 2012, Nebraska was the second lowest ranking state for unemployment at 3.9 percent. For the second year in a row, North Dakota is ranked first at 3.0 percent.


UNEMPLOYMENT COMPARISONS

| 2011 |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| GEOGRAPHIC AREA | \% UNEMPLOYMENT |
| United States | $8.5 \%$ |
| Nebraska | $4.1 \%$ |
| Omaha-Council Bluffs | $4.6 \%$ |
| Northern Nebraska Area | $3.7 \%$ |
| Western Nebraska Area | $3.4 \%$ |
| Southern Nebraska Area | $3.5 \%$ |
| Lincoln | $3.9 \%$ |

Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov

## Staffing Agency Dollars

Healthcare organizations across Nebraska reported spending more on temporary employees in 2011, with the exception of critical access hospitals. Forty-three percent of respondents reported using temporary staffing agencies in 2011. This group spent more than $\$ 10$ million, 5 times higher than that spent in 2010. The majority of these temporary staffing dollars were spent in Western Nebraska, while one-third of the total was spent by critical access hospitals. On average, hospitals spent almost $\$ 550,000$ on temporary staffing. This is almost double what was spent in 2010. In contrast, critical access hospitals averaged $\$ 80,000$ less than in 2010. Thirty-seven percent of respondents did not use temporary staffing agencies in 2011, with the vast majority being critical access hospitals.

## WORKFORCE DEMAND

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, total U.S. employment is expected to increase by 20.5 million jobs from 2010 to 2020. Occupations in healthcare are projected to have the fastest growth by creating 28 percent of all new jobs in the country over the next decade. This equates to 5.7 million new healthcare jobs.

Six of the top 20 industries with projected growth are in the healthcare field. These industries include: hospitals, home health, physician clinics, residental and nursing homes, individual and family services, and outpatient, laboratory and ambulatory care. In fact, more than 50 percent of occupations with the largest projected growth over the next 10 years are in healthcare, with registered nurse listed as number one. It is also expected that one-third of the top 30 occupations with the fastest employment growth will be in healthcare.

PROJECTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE WORKERS IN NEBRASKA, 2008-2018

| Nebraska | Estimated <br> Employment <br> in 2008 | Projected <br> Employment <br> in 2018 | Projected <br> Number of <br> New Jobs | Percent <br> Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diagnostic Medical Sonographers | 390 | 470 | 80 | $+19 \%$ |
| Licensed Practical and Vocational Nurses | 5,890 | 7,000 | 1,110 | $+19 \%$ |
| Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians | 1,310 | 1,530 | 220 | $+17 \%$ |
| Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists | 1,590 | 1,830 | 240 | $+15 \%$ |
| Occupational Therapists | 770 | 970 | 200 | $+26 \%$ |
| Pharmacists | 2,230 | 2,610 | 380 | $+17 \%$ |
| Physical Therapists | 1,400 | 1,800 | 400 | $+29 \%$ |
| Radiologic Technologists and Technicians | 1,630 | 1,920 | 290 | $+18 \%$ |
| Registered Nurses | 1,220 | 26,320 | 5,100 | $+24 \%$ |
| Respiratory Therapists | 730 | 1,310 | 840 | 270 |
| Speech Pathologists | 110 | $+26 \%$ |  |  |
| Poure | $+16 \%$ |  |  |  |

Source: United States Department of Labor, CareerOneStop, America's Career InfoNet, www.careerinfonet.org
Note: The data for the State Employment Trends and the National Employment Trends are not directly comparable. The projections period for state data is 2008-2018, while the projections period for the national data is 2010-2020.

PROJECTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE WORKERS IN THE U.S., 2010-2020

| United States | Estimated <br> Employment <br> in 2010 | Projected <br> Employment <br> in 2020 | Projected <br> Number of <br> New Jobs | Percent <br> Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diagnostic Medical Sonographers | 53,700 | 77,100 | 23,400 | $+44 \%$ |
| Licensed Practical and Vocational Nurses | 752,300 | 920,800 | 168,500 | $+22 \%$ |
| Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians | 161,200 | 184,900 | 23,700 | $+15 \%$ |
| Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists | 169,400 | 188,600 | 19,200 | $+11 \%$ |
| Occupational Therapists | 108,800 | 145,200 | 36,400 | $+34 \%$ |
| Pharmacists | 274,900 | 344,600 | 69,700 | $+25 \%$ |
| Physical Therapists | 198,600 | 276,000 | 77,400 | $+39 \%$ |
| Radiologic Technologists and Technicians | 219,900 | 281,000 | 61,100 | $+28 \%$ |
| Registered Nurses | $2,737,400$ | $3,449,300$ | 711,900 | $+26 \%$ |
| Respiratory Therapists | 112,700 | 143,900 | 31,200 | $+28 \%$ |
| Speech Pathologists | 123,200 | 152,000 | 28,200 | $+23 \%$ |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Occupational Statistics and Employment Projections, www.bls.gov/emp

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## PARTICIPANT LIST

| Annie Jeffrey Memorial County Health Center | Madonna Rehabilitation Hospital |
| :---: | :---: |
| Antelope Memorial Hospital | Memorial Community Health |
| Avera Creighton Hospital | Memorial Health Care Systems |
| Beatrice Community Hospital and Health Center | Methodist Health System |
| Boone County Health Center | Nebraska Heart Hospital, LLC |
| Box Butte General Hospital | Oakland Mercy Hospital |
| Boys Town National Research Hospital | Ogallala Community Hospital |
| Brown County Hospital | Osmond General Hospital |
| Bryan LGH Health System | Pawnee County Memorial Hospital |
| Butler County Health Care Center | Pender Community Hospital |
| Callaway District Hospital | Perkins County Health Services |
| Chadron Community Hospital | Phelps Memorial Health Center |
| Chase County Community Hospital | Providence Medical Center |
| Children's Hospital | Regional West Medical Center |
| Columbus Community Hospital | Rock County Hospital |
| Community Medical Center Inc. | Saint Elizabeth Regional Medical Center |
| Community Memorial Hospital | Saint Francis Medical Center |
| Cozad Community Health System | Saint Francis Memorial Hospital |
| Douglas County Health Center | Saunders Medical Center |
| Dundy County Hospital | Select Specialty Hospital |
| Faith Regional Health Services | Sidney Regional Medical Center |
| Fillmore County Hospital | St Joseph's Rehabilitation and Care Center |
| Fremont Area Medical Center | St. Mary's Hospital |
| Garden County Health Services | Thayer County Health Services |
| Genoa Community Hospital/LTC | Tri Valley Health System |
| Good Samaritan Hospital | Valley County Health System |
| Gothenburg Memorial Hospital | Warren Memorial Hospital |
| Great Plains Regional Medical Center | Webster County Community Hospital |
| Harlan County Health System | West Holt Memorial Hospital |
| Howard County Community Hospital | York General Health Care Services |
| Jefferson Community Health Center |  |
| Jennie M. Melham Memorial Medical Center |  |
| Johnson County Hospital |  |
| Kearney County Health Services |  |
| Kimball Health Services |  |
| Lexington Regional Health Center |  |
| Lincoln Surgical Hospital |  |


[^0]:    Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov

[^1]:    Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov

