NHA & BELLEVUE UNIVERSITY

ANALYZING PERFORMANCE ISSUES

Management & Leadership Development

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LYF Coaching & Development

TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

05 03 06 0 1 04 Identify & Importance Develop Apply Implement Develop of Analyzing Effective Action Plans Assess Systematic Strategies to Performance Approach to Communicati Common Create to Monitor Performance Diagnose and on & Supportive & Progress & Measure Treat Feedback Motivating Issues Environment Success + Motivation





THE IMPACT

What is the difference between Employee Performance and Employee Engagement?

How do Employee Performance Issues and Employee Engagement <u>impact</u>:

- Organization Outcomes?
- Individuals?
- Leaders within the Organization?

Examples: decreased productivity, low morale, increased errors, compromised patient safety

What else have you seen or experienced?

What's your current primary concern regarding employee performance?

Who's responsible for communicating expectations?

Who's responsible for improving performance?





Employee Engagement 33.3%

33.3%



COMMONISSUES IN HEALTHCARE

Communication Breakdowns

Resistance to Change

Burnout

Lack of Accountability





EXPLORING UNDERLYING CAUSES

Root Cause Analysis - The 5 Why's

Who's responsible for communicating expectations?

Who's responsible for improving performance?



DIAGNOSIS VS. SYMPTOMS



POSSILBE UNDERLYII ISSUES

- Inadequate Training
- Unclear Expectations
- Lack of Resources / Application of Resources
- Leadership Concerns

EXTERNAL

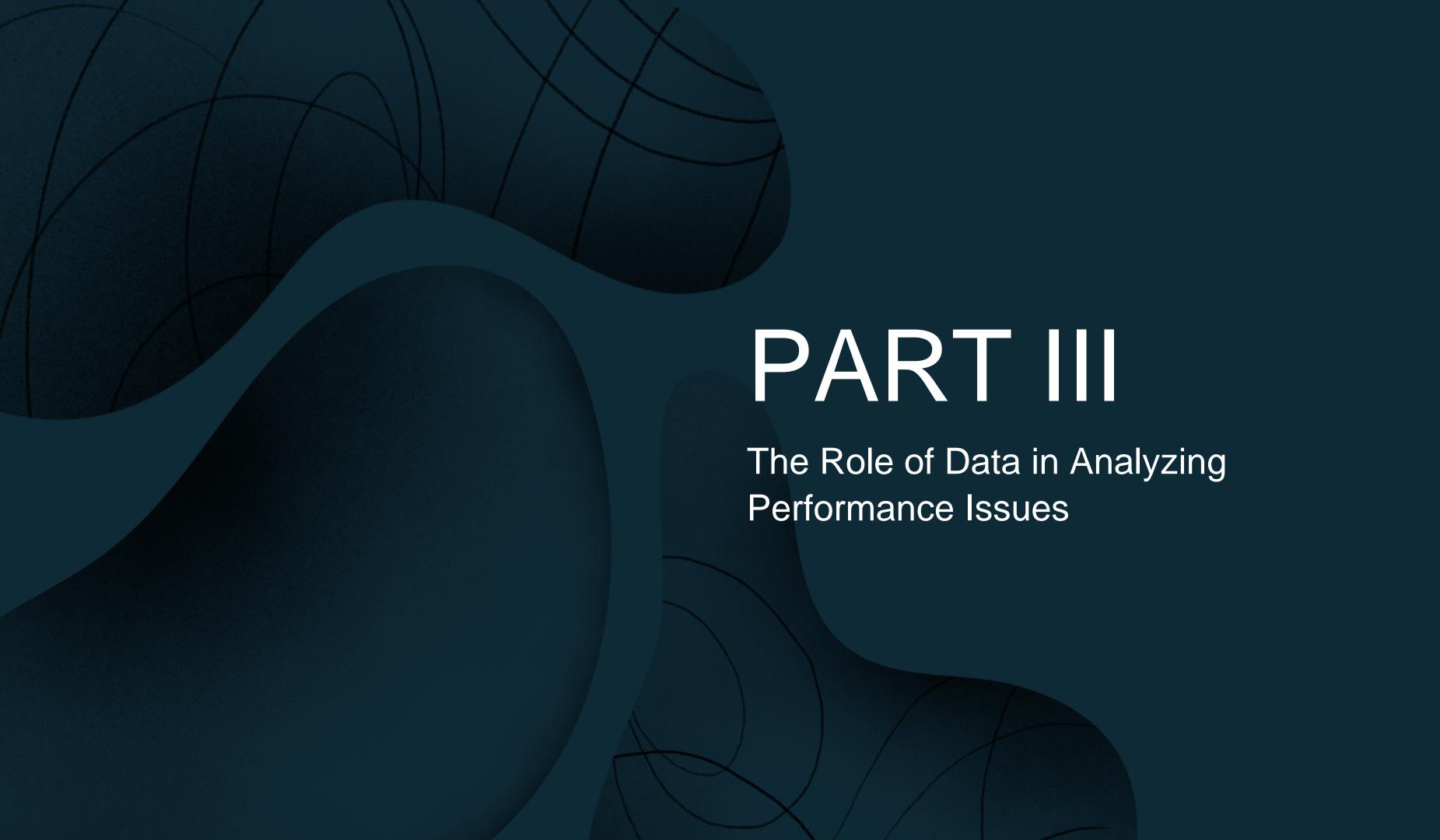
- Industry Challenges
- Workload Demands
- Organizational Culture

DISCREPANCY VS. DEFICIEN

PERFORMANCE DISCREPANCY CLUES

- A. They don't know what's expected of them
- B. They don't get feedback about quality
- C. They're punished when they do it right
- D. They're rewarded when they do it wrong
- E. They're ignored whether they do it right or not
- F. They don't know how to do it

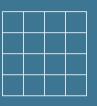
Analyzing Performance Case Study



FEELINGS ARE NOT FACTS



What are you measuring?



What data do you need to gather?

Provides objective insight and supports evidence-based decision-making



How will you track, review, and analyze the data?

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATION (KPI'S)

Common KPIs in Healthcare Settings:

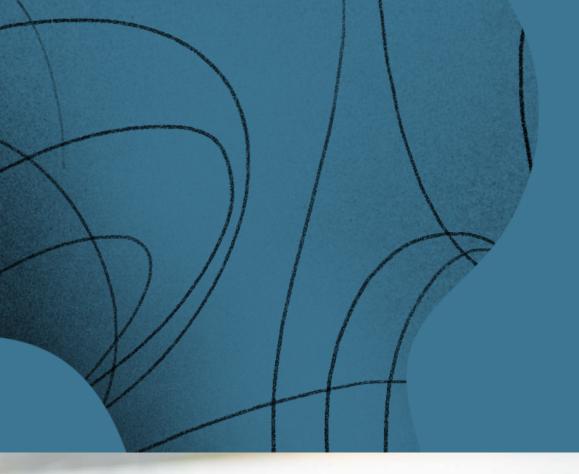
- Employee Engagement Surveys
- Patient Satisfaction Scores
- Error Rates
- Productivity Measures
- Readmission Rates
- Employee Turnover

LEARNING FROM THE DATA

Trend Analysis: Examining performance data over time to identify patterns and trends.

Comparative Analysis: Comparting performance metrics across different units, teams, or time periods.

Root Cause Analysis: Utilizing tools like fishbone diagrams or the "5 Whys" to identify underlying causes of performance issues



COMMUNICATING THE FINDINGS

Utilize visualization techniques to share the data





CASE STUDY DATA ANAYSIS



COMMUNICATION

What does that mean to you?

Your supervisor?

Your employees?





COMMUNICATION & IMPAG

• Build Trust

ClarifyExpectations

AddressPerformanceIssues

EmployeeEngagement

• Collaboration

• Overall Team
Performance

Active Listening

TECHNQUES FOR EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

Nonverbal Communication

Clarity & Transparency

FEEDBACK

- Be Specific, Timely, and Focused on Behaviors Not Personality Traits
- Feedback Sandwich Method (Positive Feedback
 Positive)
- Use Positive Reinforcement

What is the link between feedback & performance?

CULTURE FOR SAFE FEEBACK

How comfortable do you feel giving feedback?

How do you receive feedback?

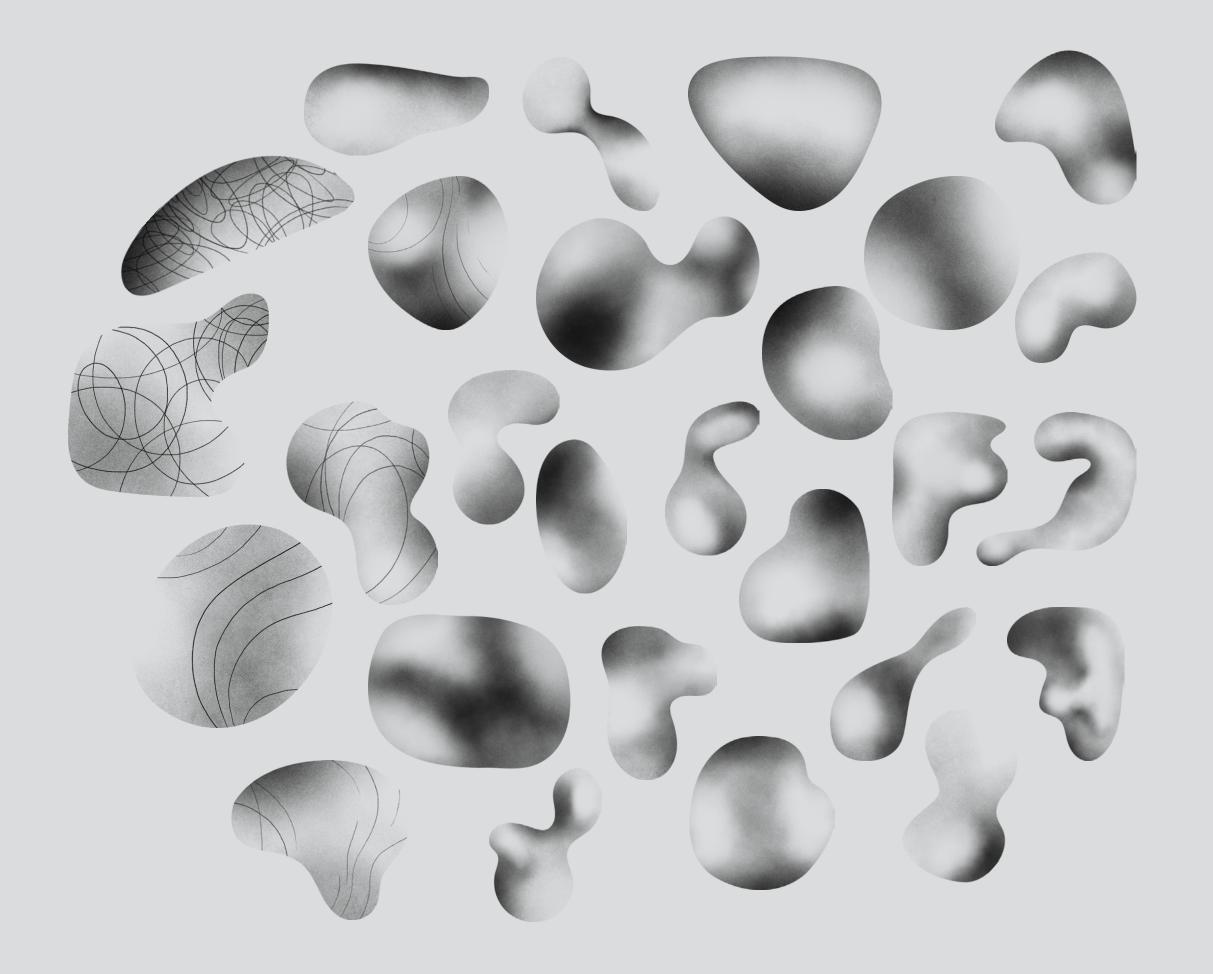
How do you ensure emotional safety while giving feedback?

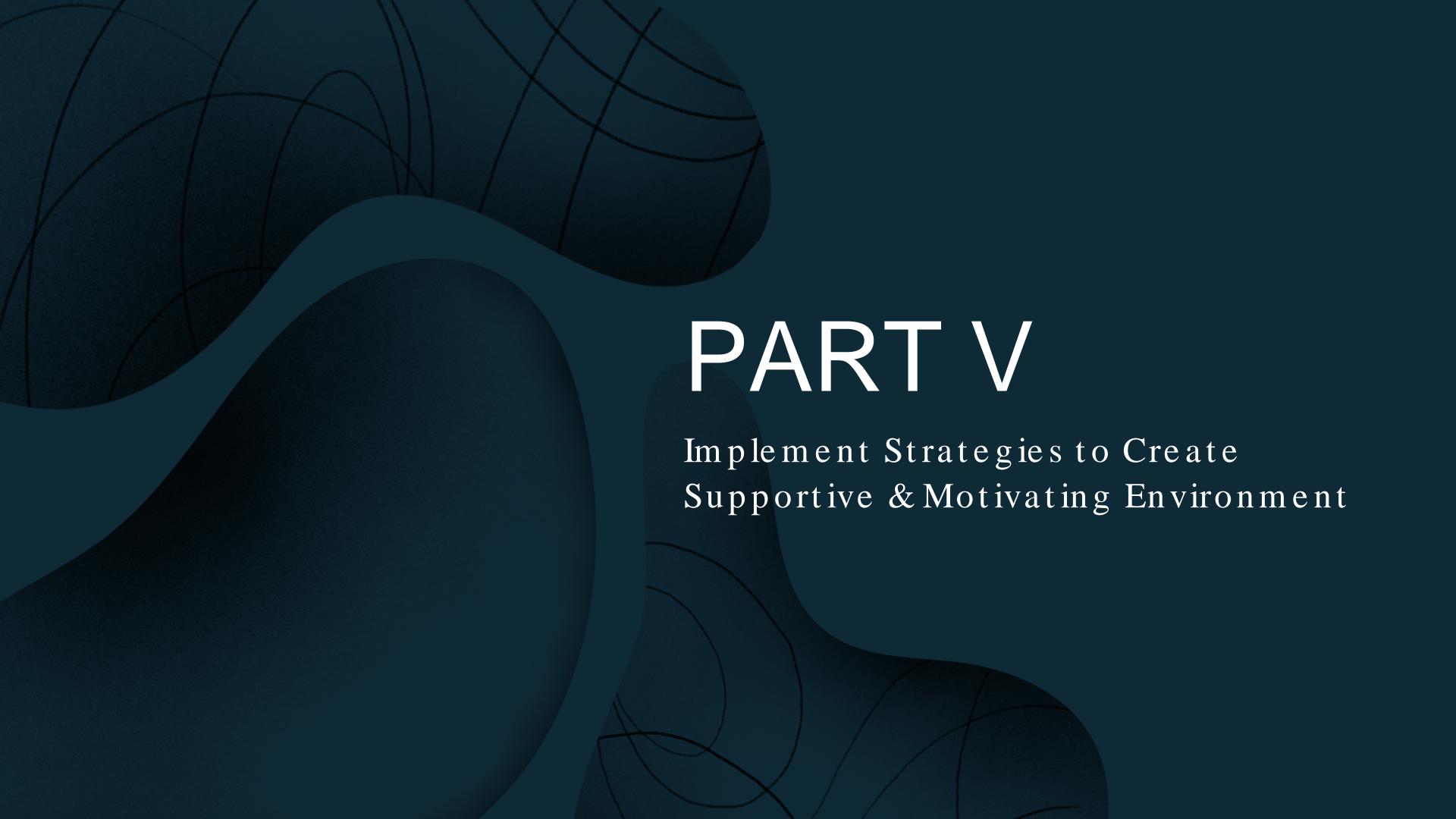
What positive experiences have you had with feedback - giving / receiving?

What causes us to not give feedback effectively or not at all? What is the cost?

How can we improve in both offering and receiving feedback?

ROLE PLAY SCENARIOS





CREATING A SUPPORTIVE & MOTIVATING WORK ENVIRONMENT

Think of someone you worked for that supported and motivated you ...

What qualities did they have and how did they make you feel?

Think of someone you worked for that did not support or motivate you ...

What qualities did they have and how did they make you feel?

Which of these characteristics have you adapted in your own leadership style?

Foster Employee Engagement, Satisfaction & Performance Positive Impact: Motivating Work Environment for Employee Well-Being & Retention

STRATEGIES TO CREATE A SUPPOR'S WORK ENVIRONMENT AS A LEADER

- Begin with the End in Mind: what are the desired results/outcomes?
- Establish Clear Expectations: give a sense of purpose and direction
- Encourage Open Communication: to create trust, collaboration, and openness
- Empower Employees: delegate authority, provide decision making opportunities, promote autonomy
- Promote Work Life Balance: flexible scheduling, wellness programs, EAPs
- Generate Innovative Solutions: how can a process be improved?
- Understand Business Operations: how do other departments run?



How can you Recognize High Performers? What do they DO Differently?

EXECUTION: A discipline integral to strategy
What Gaps Exist Between Performance & Execution?

PROMOTE CONTINUOUS GROWIH & DEVELOPMENT

Provide Learning Opportunities

Implement Mentorship & Coaching

Create a Culture of Learning & Growth

Provide clear feedback and collaborative goal-setting





THE GIFT OF ACTION PLANS

- Accountability
- Tracking to Collect Data
- Identifying Challenges (IDS)
- Celebrating Successes

THREE CORE PROCESSES

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The People Process

The Strategy Process

*Corporate*Divisional*Functional

The Operations Process

*Where's the Disconnect
Between Operations & Strategy
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COMPONENTS OF AN EFFECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Clearly DefinedGoals & Objectives

• Accessibility of Resources

• Priorities

Specific Action
 Steps with
 Responsibilities &
 Timelines

Determine
Method for
Tracking
Progress &
Measuring
Success

CHOOSE APPROPRIATE MONITORING METHODS AND TOOLS

Regular Progress Meetings / Check-Ins

Data Collection & Analysis Method (KPIs, Rocks)

Surveys

Communicating Feedback

SAMPLE ACTION PLAN TEMPLATE

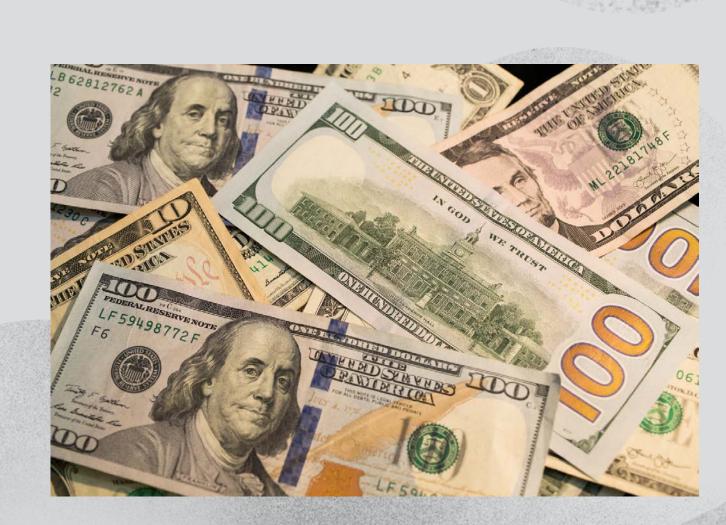
MOTIVATING PERFORMANCE

How do Leaders Motivate their Employees?

T/F - A Happy Employee is a Productive

Employee

Does Money Motivate??



MOTIVATIONAL THEORIES

- Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs
- Herzberg's 2-Factor Theory
- Expectancy Theory

Self-actualization

desire to become the most that one can be

Esteem

respect, self-esteem, status, recognition, strength, freedom

Love and belonging

friendship, intimacy, family, sense of connection

Safety needs

personal security, employment, resources, health, property

Physiological needs

air, water, food, shelter, sleep, clothing, reproduction

Maslow's hierarchy of needs

Herzberg's 2-Factor Theory

Motivating Factors

- Achievement
- Recognition
- The work itself
- Job advancement opportunities
- Growth opportunities

Hygiene Factors

- Relationship with peers
- Company policies
- Physical workspace
- Working conditions
- Salary
- Status
- Security
- Supervision



Expectancy Theory Desire vs. Likelihood







- Employees work for a variety of reasons
- These reasons, or expected outcomes, may change over time
- It's necessary to clearly show employees how they can attain the outcome they desire



Daniel Pink on Motivation Link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u6XAPnuFjJc

Motivation Video

QUESTIONS / COMMENTS

THANK YOU!

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