Quality - IC Quality Processes for Infection Control TODAY < > Year January February March April S $= B_{15} B_{15} B_{17} B_{19} B_{19} B_{19} B_{17} B_{19} B_{17} B_{17$ б л a June July May August S S M S S w з б $Peg _{5} Gibert _{2} _{5} _{7} _{2} RN _{4} _{5} _{5} _{5} ^{21} NS _{6} C _{30} _{4} _{5} _{5} _{6} ^{21} S _{6} _{6} ^{21} S _{7} _{2} _{3} _{4} _{5} _{5} _{6} ^{23}$ 31 б October November September December W S S w S

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Objectives

- Perform the steps needed to set up the 2019 reporting year
- Identify <u>significant changes</u> in the National Healthcare Safety Network definitions for 2019
- Relate process for accurate entry of measures using new and revised criteria
- Improve surveillance for Patient Safety components for Acute Care and Critical Access Hospitals

Patient Safety Annual Survey



Patient Safety Compo	onent—Annual Hos	spital Survey
Instructions for this form are available at: http://w	ww.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/instr/5	7 103-TOI.pdf
Page 1 of 14		
*required for saving	Tracking	#:
Facility ID:	*Survey	Year:
Facility Characteristics (completed by Infection	Preventionist)	
*Ownership (check one):		
For profit	Not for profit, including church	Government
Military	Veterans Affairs	Physician owned
If facility is a Hospital:		
*Number of patient days:		
*Number of admissions:		
For any Hospital:		
*Is your hospital a teaching hospital for physicians a	and/or physicians-in-training?	🗆 Yes 🗆 No
If Yes, what type:	□ Major □ Gradu	ate 🗆 Undergraduate
*Number of beds set up and staffed in the following	location types (as defined by N	HSN):
ICU (including adult, pediatric, and neonatal levels I	I/III and III):	
b. All other inpatient locations:		
Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (com	pleted with input from Microb	iology Laboratory Lead)
*1. Does your facility have its own on-site laboratory antimicrobial susceptibility testing?	that performs bacterial	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
If No, where is your facility's antimicrobial susceptib	ility testing performed? (check of	one)
Affiliated medical center		
Commercial referral laboratory		
□ Other local/regional, non-affiliated reference labor	oratory	
		Continued >>
Assurance of Confidentiality: The information obtained in this su collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in USC 242b, 242b, and 242m(d)).	will be used only for the purposes state	d, and will not otherwise be disclosed or
Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimal searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the c may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to resp number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS	data needed, and completing and review pond to a collection of information unles other aspect of this collection of inform	ring the collection of information. An agency s it displays a currently valid OMB control ation, including suggestions for reducing this

2018 Annual Survey

- Surveys are by component and services
- Updates: Must complete by March 1 of every year
 - PPS Hospitals by February 15
- Unable to add reporting plan after February
- Do not complete until after update
 - Update 1/7/2019
- Use prior year data (2018 numbers)
- Information determines risk adjustment
- Data aligns with survey
- You should not do this survey alone!

NHSN website: Locate under data collection form tab Save and Print off form

Reference: Table of Instructions for line item questions

Data Collection Forms

- All Data Collection Forms are Print-only
- <u>57.108 Primary Bloodstream Infection (BSI) form January 2019</u> [PDF 107 KB]
 Customizable form [DOCX 39 KB]
 - Table of Instructions for BSI form 57.108 P [PDF 169 KB]
- <u>57.116 Denominators for Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) form January 2019</u>
 [PDF 72 KB]
 - Customizable form 🚳 [DOCX 33 KB]
 - Table of Instructions for Denominators for NICU form 57.116 Derived PDF 131 KB]
- <u>57.117 Denominators for Specialty Care Area (SCA) form January 2019</u>
 [PDF 42 KB]
 - Customizable form 🗐 [DOCX 29 KB]
 - Table of Instructions for Denominators for SCA form 57.117 🗾 [PDF 188 KB]
- <u>57.118 Denominators for Intensive Care Unit (ICU)/Other locations (not NICU or SCA)</u> form January 2019 [PDF – 40 KB]

 - <u>Table of Instructions for Denominators for ICU form 57.118</u>
 [PDF 191 KB]
- <u>57.103 Patient Safety Component—Annual Facility Survey form January 2019</u>
 [PDF 92 KB]
 - <u>Table of Instructions for Patient Safety Component Annual Hospital Survey</u> 57.103 [PDF – 412 KB]
- 57.106 Patient Safety Monthly Reporting Plan form January 2019 🖪 [PDF 53 KB]

 - <u>Table of Instructions for Monthly Reporting Plan form 57.106</u> [PDF 61 KB]

- 57.115 HAI Custom Event form January 2019 🔼 [PDF 99 KB]
 - <u>Customizable form</u> [DOCX 50 KB]

Couple of Areas to Check

Facility Microbiology Laboratory Practices (continued)

*11. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? (check one)

- □ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)
- □ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- □ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)
- □ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- □ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- □ Toxigenic culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)

Annual Survey Impacts Benchmarks

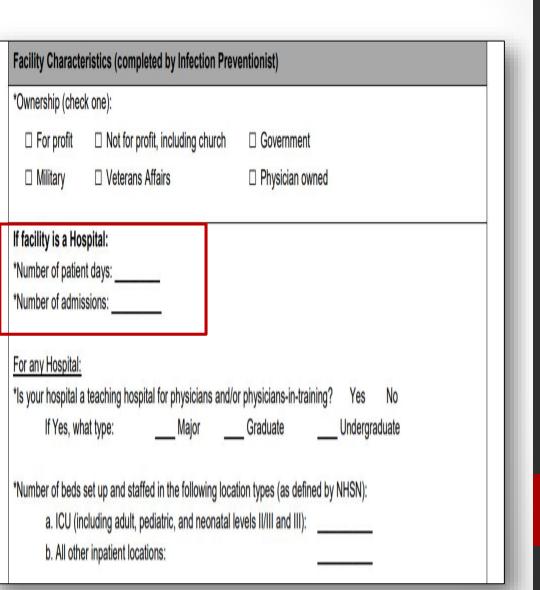
Table 1. CDI in Acute Care Hospitals				
Parameter	Par	ameter Estimate	Standard Error	P-value
Intercept		-8.9463	0.0523	<0.0001
Inpatient community-onset prevalence rate*		0 7339	0.0181	<0.0001
CDI test type ⁺ : EIA		-0.1579	0.0246	<0.0001
CDI test type ⁺ : NAAT		0.1307	0.0219	< 0.0001
CDI test type ⁺ : OTHER		REFERENT		
Medical school affiliation [‡] : Major, graduate, or				
undergraduate		0.0331	0.0111	0.0028
Medical school affiliation [‡] : Non-teaching		REFERENT		
Number of ICU beds [‡] : \geq 43		0.7465	0.0412	< 0.0001
Number of ICU beds [‡] : 20- 42		0.7145	0.0395	< 0.0001
Number of ICU beds [‡] : 10-19		0.6261	0.0396	< 0.0001
Number of ICU beds [‡] : 5-9		0.4394	0.0420	< 0.0001
Number of ICU beds [‡] : 0-4		REFERENT		
Facility type: Cancer Hospital (HOSP-ONC)		1.2420	0.0765	< 0.0001
Facility type: General Acute Care Hospital (HOSP-GEN)		0.3740	0.0342	<0.0001
Facility type: Other Hospital		REFERENT		
Facility bed size [‡]		0.0003	0.0000	< 0.0001
Reporting from ED or 24-hour observation unit [^] : YES		0.1119	0.0179	< 0.0001
Reporting from ED or 24-hour observation unit^: NO		REFERENT		

* Inpatient community-onset (CO) prevalence is calculated as the # of inpatient CO CDI events, divided by total admissions x 100 (i.e., cdif_admPrevCOCount /numCdifadms * 100). The prevalence rate for an entire quarter is used in the risk

THE NHSN STANDARDIZED INFECTION RATIO (SIR). A Guide to the SIR, Revised July, 2017

Units designated as Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (IRFs)

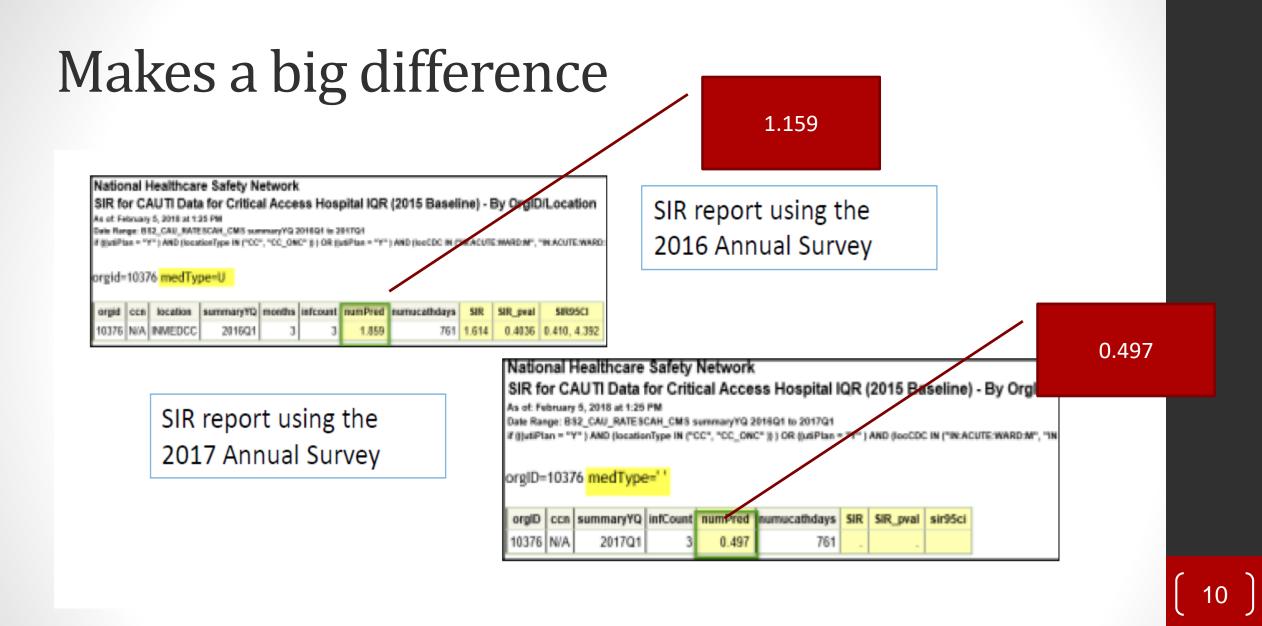
- Q2: My acute care hospital includes a CMScertified IRF mapped as a <u>location</u> within the hospital (i.e., the CCN for the Rehab unit includes an 'R' or 'T' in the 3rd position).
- Do I include the number of rehab beds from this unit on the annual hospital survey, the annual rehab survey, or both?
- The number of rehab beds should be counted on both the hospital and rehab surveys.
- On the hospital survey, include these beds in the count for "All other inpatient locations". In addition, counts from these locations should be included in the total facility patient days and admissions.



Couple of Areas to Check

- Teaching Hospital: YES NO
 - Major Teaching: Facility trains medical students, nursing students, and postgraduate residents. Note that there is no minimum number of students that must be present in your facility to meet this designation, and it is not necessary for your facility to be attached/affiliated with a medical school.
 - Graduate Teaching Facility trains postgraduate medical (MD/DO only) residents/fellows
 - Undergraduate Teaching Facility trains current (undergraduate) medical students and/or nursing students
 - Select the highest level that your facility meets on the annual survey

*Ownership (cheo	k one):	
□ For profit	□ Not for profit, including church	Government
□ Military	□ Veterans Affairs	Physician owned
If facility is a Ho	spital:	
*Number of patien	t dave:	
ternesi er perior	n uays.	
	ssions:	
*Number of admis	ssions:	
*Number of admis	ssions:	
*Number of admis For any Hospital: *Is your hospital a	ssions:	
*Number of admis For any Hospital: *Is your hospital a	ssions:	or physicians-in-training? Yes No GraduateUndergraduate
*Number of admis For any Hospital: *Is your hospital a If Yes, wh	ssions: a teaching hospital for physicians and/c nat type:Major	Graduate Undergraduate
*Number of admis <u>For any Hospital:</u> *Is your hospital a If Yes, wh *Number of beds	ssions:	Graduate Undergraduate





1. We train pharmacy students working on a Doctorate in Pharmacy. We also have nursing students, what level do we qualify?

2. We have clinical rotations for a local school of nursing for both BSN and nurse practitioner students, what level do we qualify?

3. We have one physician who brings one family practice resident. The resident is allowed to care for patient's in our facility. We also have clinical rotations for nursing students. What level do we qualify?

What's New on the Annual Survey?

- Added alerts to remind facilities to complete all appropriate surveys
 - Separate alert for each survey you need to do
- Updated response options to reflect changes for certain laboratory testing methods
- Soft warnings added to reduce data entry errors
- New logic and skips patterns implemented to reduce burden
- New questions added about neonatal patient care practices and antibiotic stewardship practices

Neonatal Patient Care Practices

- 6 new required questions about neonatal antimicrobial practices
- Purpose is to assist in the creation of a neonatal specific benchmark metric, Standardized Antimicrobial Administration Ratios (SAARs)
 - SAARs compare observed AU to predicted AU for specified patient care locations and groups of antimicrobials, where predicted use is calculated using nationally-aggregated data risk adjusted for location and hospital characteristics
 - At this time, SAARs are available for specific adult and pediatric locations
- Section is to be completed <u>with input</u> from a NICU Medical Director, Lead Neonatal Physician, Neonatal Nurse Manager, and/or Lead Neonatal Nurse practitioner.

Neonatal questions

- Question 25: Select N/A if you do not have any care for babies
 - Do not select N/A if you have a well baby nursery location
 - Labor and delivery unit
 - Labor, delivery, recovery, PP unit
- If you answer N/A questions
 26-30 should be skipped

Facility Neonatal Patient Care Practices and Neonatal Admission Information

(To be completed with input from the NICU Medical Director, Lead Neonatal Physician, Neonatal Nurse Manager, and/or Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)*

*25. Was this section completed in collaboration with your facility's neonatal patient care team (i.e. was input sought from at least one of the following neonatal patient care team members: NICU Medical Director, Lead Neonatal Physician, Neonatal Nurse Manager, Lead Neonatal Nurse Practitioner)?

□ Yes

□ No

□ N/A, my facility does not provide neonatal patient care services

If N/A was selected in question 25 above, questions 26-30 below do not apply to your facility and should be skipped. If your facility does care for neonates (at any level), please complete questions below.

CDC 57.103(Back), Rev11, v9.2

Questions 26 and 27

- Outborn admissions are babies transferred in to your facility for care.
- The total number in question 26 should equal the total number in 27.
- Include Level II nurseries but not Level 1 (Well baby nurseries)
- If you only have a Level 1 Nursery enter zero for Question 26 both a. and b. and Question 27 a – e.



OMB No. 0920-0666 Exp. Date: 11/30/2021 www.cdc.gov/nhsn

Patient Safety Component—Annual Hospital Survey

Page 8 of 14

Questions should be answered based on the policies and practices that were in place for the majority of the last full calendar year.

*26. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admissions to Special Care Nurseries (Level II) and Intensive Care Units (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV):

a. Inborn Admissions: _____

b. Outborn Admissions: _____

*27. Excluding Level I units (well newborn nurseries), record the number of neonatal admissions (both inborn and outborn) to Special Care (Level II) and Intensive Care (Level II/III, Level III, Level IV) in each of following birth weight categories:

a. Less than or equal to 750 grams:

- b. 751-1000 grams: _____
- c. 1001-1500 grams: _____
- d. 1501-2500 grams: _____
- e. More than 2500 grams:

Level 1 and II Nursery Definitions

Level I: Well newborn nursery

- Provide neonatal resuscitation at every delivery
- Evaluate and provide postnatal care to stable term newborn infants
- Stabilize and provide care for infants born 35–37 wk gestation who remain physiologically stable
- Stabilize newborn infants who are ill and those born at <35 wk gestation until transfer to a higher level of care
- Provider Types:
 - Pediatricians, family physicians, nurse practitioners, and other advanced practice registered nurses

- Level II: Special care nursery
- Level I capabilities plus:
- Provide care for infants born ≥32 wk gestation and weighing ≥1500 g who have physiologic immaturity or who are moderately ill with problems that are expected to resolve rapidly and are not anticipated to need subspecialty services on an urgent basis
- Provide care for infants convalescing after intensive care
- Provide mechanical ventilation for brief duration (<24h) or continuous positive airway pressure
- Stabilize infants born before 32 wk gestation and weighing less than 1500 g until transfer to a neonatal intensive care facility
- Level I health care providers plus: Pediatric hospitalists, neonatologist, and neonatal nurse practitioners.

Rooming in?

- Still need to have a Nursery in your locations
- Count number of bassinets you have for bed size

Question 30 (Answered even if Level 1 Nursery) Select ALL that apply

*30. If your facility administers antimicrobials (oral or parenteral) to newborns residing in their mother's room, to which NHSN location(s) is the baby mapped? (Select all that apply)

□ N/A, my facility requires that newborns be transferred to a higher level of care (i.e. special care nursery or neonatal intensive care unit) in order for antimicrobials to be administered

□ Level I neonatal unit (well newborn nursery)

Labor and Delivery Ward, Postpartum Ward, or Labor, Delivery, Recovery, Postpartum Suite

- Select 'N/A' if neonates are never administered antimicrobials while residing in their mother's room (i.e. your facility requires that newborns be transferred to a higher level of care, such as a special care nursery or NICU, in order for antimicrobials to be administered)
- Select 'Level I neonatal unit' if neonates receiving antimicrobials while residing in their mother's room are physically mapped in NHSN to a Level I neonatal unit, often called a well newborn nursery/mother-baby unit/family-centered care unit.
- Select 'Labor and Delivery Ward, Postpartum Ward, or Labor, Delivery, Recovery, Postpartum Suite' if neonates receiving antimicrobials while residing in their mother's room are physically mapped in NHSN to any of the following NHSN location types: - Labor and Delivery Ward - Labor, Delivery, Recovery, Postpartum Suite -Postpartum Ward

Updates to the Antibiotic Stewardship Practices

- The antibiotic stewardship section has the most changes
- Previous required 11 questions transition to a total of 20 questions (10 required and 10 optional)
- Reason is to add more granularity and context of facilities stewardship practices
- All questions will continue to align with the CDC's Core Elements of Hospital Antibiotic Stewardship Program
- Removed question concerning if facility provides salary support

ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE THE GLOBAL THREAT

Antibiotic resistance – when bacteria change and cause antibiotics to fail – is happening **RIGHT NOW,** across the world

The full impact is unknown. There is no system in place to track antibiotic resistance globally



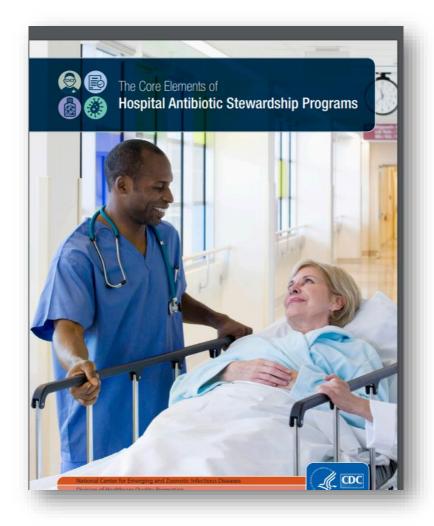
Without urgent action, many modern medicines could become obsolete, turning even common infections into deadly threats.



Learn More http://www.cdc.gov/getsmart http://www.cdc.gov/drugresistance

Removed question if facility provides salary support #26

- If this is the *only* way a facility met the Leadership core element, another action must be taken
- Formal statement of support
- Inclusion of antibiotic stewardship in contract / job description
- Leadership communication to staff, or provision of training
- Allocation of IT resources towards antibiotic stewardship



New addition to question

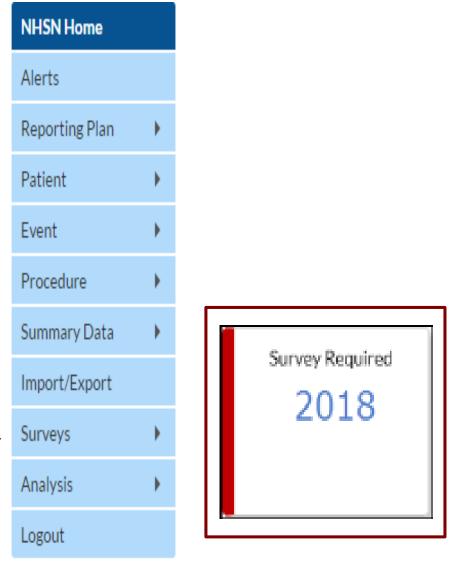
- If you choose *Clostridioides difficile* or AB use in some other way
- Will not meet Tracking core element
- Note Check all that apply for several questions

38*. Our stewardship team monitors: (Check all that apply.)		
□ Antibiotic resistance patterns (either facility- or region-specific)		
□ Clostridioides difficile		
□ Antibiotic use in days of therapy (DOT) per 1000 patient days or days present, at least of	uarterly	
□ Antibiotic use in defined daily doses (DDD) per 1000 patient days, at least quarterly		
□ Antibiotic expenditures (i.e., purchasing costs), at least quarterly		
□ Antibiotic use in some other way (please specify):		
□ None of the above		
If antibiotic use in DOT, DDD, or some other way is selected: Our stewardship team provides individual-, unit-, or service-specific reports on antibiotic use to prescribers, at least annually.	□ Yes	□ No
If Yes is selected: Our stewardship team uses individual-, unit-, or service-specific antibiotic use reports to target feedback to prescribers about how they can improve their antibiotic prescribing, at least annually.	□ Yes	🗆 No

How do I enter it?

 Alert button on your home page when you first log in.
 Click the button and it takes you to the survey

 Surveys on blue bar and select ADD 	Import/Export Surveys
K Add Annual Survey	Analysis
	Logout
Mandatory fields marked with *	
Facility ID: * Arcement Medical Center (ID 14810) V	
Survey Type: * FACSRV-PS - Hospital Survey Data	
Survey Year: * 2018 V	



Reminders

- You are doing the 2018 Survey
 - Admission and patient days are 2018 numbers
 - Number of beds are set up and staffed beds only
- Be sure scroll to the bottom of the form and click SAVE
- Data is saved only when it is complete

You must complete all the required information (red asterisks) before it will save! Save.

Back

Want to see last years?

- From the NHSN home page menu
 - Select "Surveys"
 - Click "Find"

NHSN Home		
Alerts		
Dashboard		
Reporting Plan	•	
Patient	•	
Event	•	
Procedure	•	
Summary Data	•	
Import/Export		
Surveys	•	Add
Analysis	•	Find
Tools	•	
Logout		

Want to see last years or edit after entry?

- On the "Find Annual Survey" page
- Enter the "Survey Type"
- In the Drop down menu for "Survey Year," Select the year of the survey you would like to find or edit.
- Click FIND to go to the survey.
- To edit the survey, Scroll Down and Select EDIT

Enter search criteria and click Find
 Fewer criteria will return a broader result set More criteria will return a narrower result set
More criteria wiirreturn a narrower result set
Facility ID: Arcement Medical Center (ID 14810) V
Survey Type:
Survey Year:

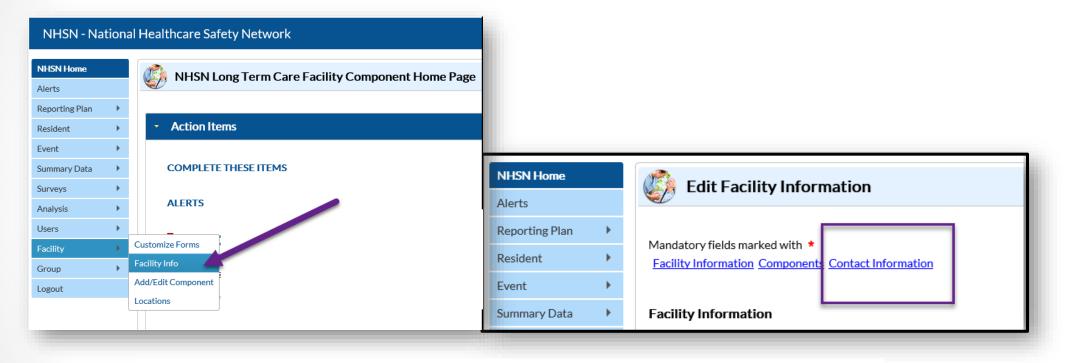
Annual Survey Tips

- Budget at least 75 minutes to complete the facility survey
- Print off a copy of the blank survey form and complete it on paper first
 - Identify certain individuals within your organization that you may need input from to complete specific questions
- Use the tables of instructions linked to each survey form
 - These will provide details for how to respond to each question
- Complete the survey in the NHSN application in one sitting
 - Not allowed to save partially complete surveys
- NHSN is developing a crosswalk of the AB questions from the previous survey
- Deadline is March 1
 - Best if PPS hospitals complete by Feb 15

Reflect on your Facility Changes in 2018



Verify accuracy of the assigned NHSN facility administrator and/or the primary contact



Contact Information

	Contact Type	Contact Name	Phone No.+ext	Email	Action	
Edit	Facility Administrator	Anttila, Angela	567-456-2334	VTB9@CDC.GOV	Reassign	
Edit	Healthcare Personnel Primary Contact	Anttila, Angela	567-456-2334	VTB9@CDC.GOV	Reassign	_
Edit	Microbiology Laboratory Director/Supervisor	Anttila, Angela	567-456-2334	VTB9@CDC.GOV	Reassign	L
Edit	Long Term Care Facility Primary Contact	Anttila, Angela	567-456-2334	VTB9@CDC.GOV	Reassign	

Update

Locations

- Review patient population annually
- Inactive locations
- Construction relocations
- Chronic Care
- Inpatient Rehabilitation Units
- Swing Bed
- Resources:

CDC Location Descriptions

Training	
Protocols	
Frequently Asked Questions	
Data Collection Forms	
CMS Supporting Materials	
Supporting Material	
• NHSN Patient Safety Component Alerts 🔼 [PDF – 1 MB]	
• <u>Unusual Susceptibility Profiles Alert January 2015</u> <u>[PDF</u> – 362 KB	3]
<u>CDC Location Labels and Location Descriptions, January 2019</u> [F	PDF – 1 MB]
• <u>NHSN Key Terms, January 2019</u> <u>[</u> PDF – 350 KB]	
 <u>CDC/NHSN Surveillance Definitions for Specific Types of Infections</u>, [PDF – 1 MB] 	<u>, January 2019</u>
 <u>NHSN Organism List (All Organisms, Common Commensals, MBI O</u> <u>Bacteria) January 2019</u> [XLSX – 296 KB] 	<u>)rganisms, and l</u>
<u>Guidance for Missing Device-associated Denominator Data</u> [PD]	F – 145 KB]
Worksheet Generator (electronic) and Worksheets (manual)	
Worksheet Generator (electronic) and Worksheets (mandal)	

Key Reminders

- Data from inactive locations will still be sent to CMS if you do not remove them from your Monthly Reporting Plan (MRP)
- Data from inactive locations will still be available in NHSN analysis reports
- After inactivating a location, new data cannot be entered
 - Be sure to enter all historical data before inactivating a location
- Add your new location and remove the old location from your MRP (for all applicable months moving forward) in order to prevent duplicate data in your records
- If an MRP needs to be edited or data need to be added for an inactive location, reactivate the location in the Locations Manager, edit/add data, and then make the location inactive again
- Entered data for the inactive location will not be in analysis for revised location

What am I going to report this year?

Base on State and Federal Requirements

- Discuss with IPC
 Committee
- Risk assessment
- Collaborative projects
- Facility Strategic Plan

	(date)															
Shared with Administratic																
Reviewed by:	(insert	names)														
Potential Risks/Problems		P	robabilit	ty		Risk/Impa	ct (Health, F	inancial, Le	egal, Regu	latory)	Current	Facility	Prepare	edness		Score
	Very Likely		Maybe		Never	Loss (life/limb/ function/ financial)	Serious Loss (Function/ Financial/ Legal)	Risk of Re- Admissio n or Transfer to High	Clinical/ Financial			Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good	
	4	3	2	1	0	5	4	3	2	1	5	4	3	2	1	
ABX Resistant Organisms																
MRSA																
C Diff																
VRE																
ESBL/other Gram																
Negative bacteria																
Prevention Activities																
Lack of Hand Hygiene																
Lack of Respiratory Hygiene/ Cough Etiquette																
Improper Glove Use																
Lack of ABX																
Stewardship Program																
Lack of Resident																
Influenza Vaccination																
Lack of Resident																
Pneumovax Vaccination																
Isolation Activities																
Lack of Standard																
Precautions																
Lack of Contact																

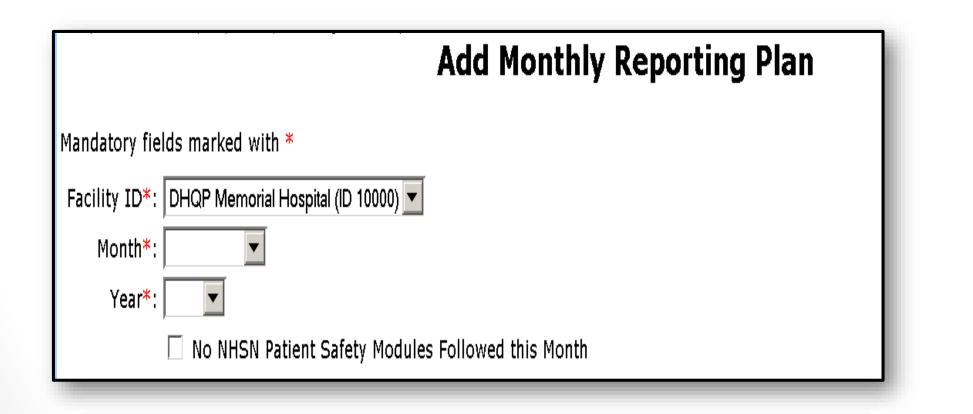
Add Monthly Reporting Plan

From the blue navigation bar, select **Reporting Plan** then **Add**

NHSN Home	
Alerts	
Reporting Plan	\rightarrow
Patient	•
Event	•
Procedure	•
Summary Data	•
Import/Export	
Surveys	•
Analysis	•
Logout	

Add Monthly Reporting Plan

Add Month and Year (January, 2019)





Select Location then Measure

Locations						CLA BS	SI DE V	'AP CAU	TI CL
💼 3N - 3 NO	RTH				-				V
Add Row	Clear All Rows		Copy from	m Pre∨ious	Month				
Procedure-	Associated Modul	le @HELP							
Procedure	c				551		Post-p	rocedur	е
Atter ma	aking a seled by clicking	-	-	-			IUCa	lion	L.
	by clicking by clicking w row will	on th	ne "Ad	ld Row	" feat	ure.		LIOII	
A ne	by clicking	on th appea	ne "Ad	ld Row	" feat	ure.			ł
A ne	by clicking ew row will	on th appea	ne "Ad	ld Row	" feat onal s	ure.	ions		
A ne Device-Assoc	by clicking ew row will iated Module @HELL	on th appea	ne "Ad	ld Row	" feat onal s	ure. electi	ions		
A ne Device-Assoc Locations	by clicking ew row will iated Module @HELL	on th appea	ne "Ad	ld Row	onal so	ure. electi	ONS	TI CLIP	

Reporting Plan

I FACWIDEIN - Facility-wide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn) ∨ CDIF - C. difficile ∨				
Infection Surveillance AST-Timing	AST-Eligible Incidence Pre	evalence Lab ID Event All Specimens	Lab ID Event Blood Specimens Only ^{HH} GG	
✓	\checkmark	✓		
Add Rows Clear All Rows Copy from Previous Month Save Back				
Be sure to add Emergency Room as a separate location				

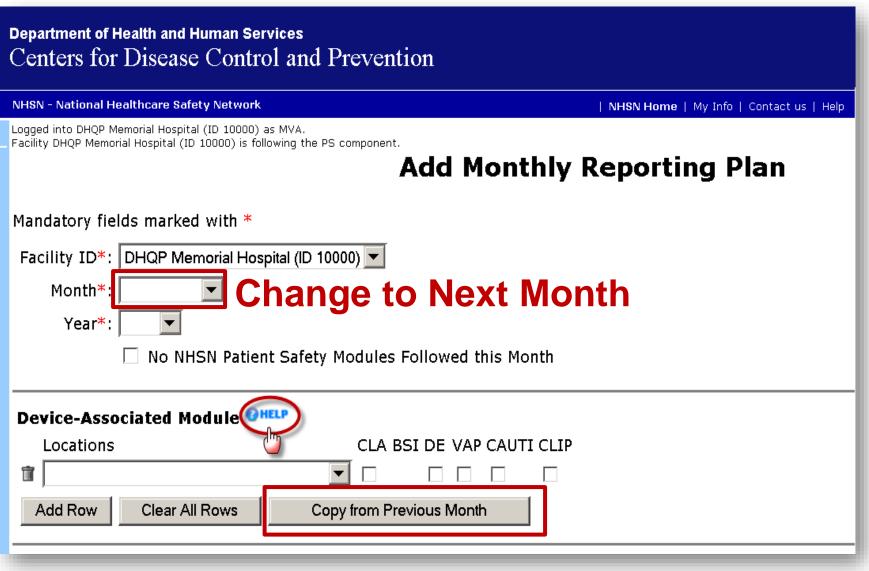
Reminder: Map Emergency Room and report monthly encounters*

		Location	s			Specific Or
1	FACWIDEIN - Facility-w	ide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn)			MRSA - MRSA	~
3	Process and Outcome Me	asures				
	Infection Surveillance	AST-Timing	AST-Eligible	Incidence	Prevalence	Lab ID Event All Specimens
		~	×			V
	AUTOT OBSTRUCTION				MRSA - MRSA	~
I	2WEST - OBSERVATION	I UNIT			MK5A - MK5A	•
	Process and Outcome Me				MK3A - MK3A	V
	•		AST-Eligible	Incidence	Prevalence	Lab ID Event All Specimens
	Process and Outcome Me	asures	AST-Eligible	Incidence		Lab ID Event
	Process and Outcome Me Infection Surveillance	asures AST-Timing	Control Head		Prevalence	Lab ID Event All Specimens
ti	Process and Outcome Me Infection Surveillance	asures AST-Timing	Control Head		Prevalence	Lab ID Event All Specimens
tit I	Process and Outcome Me Infection Surveillance	asures AST-Timing	Control Head		Prevalence	Lab ID Event All Specimens

* Also 24 hour Observation Units if you have them



Add Next Month



2019 Set up Summary

- Print off paper copy of annual survey and distribute to key information sources
- 2. Complete 2018 Annual Facility Survey in database
- 3. Review and update contact information
- 4. Review and update any location changes
- 5. Set up your 2019 Reporting Plans

New Definition Changes



NHSN Organism List

- Located under Supporting Material
- Tabs
 - All Organisms
 - Common Commensal
 - MBI Organisms
 - UTI Bacteria

Resources for NHSN Users Already Enrolled

Frequently Asked Questions	
Data Collection Forms	
CMS Supporting Materials	
Supporting Material	
• NHSN Patient Safety Component Alerts 🔼 [PDF – 1 MB]	
 <u>Unusual Susceptibility Profiles Alert January 2015</u> [PDF – 362 KB] 	
<u>CDC Location Labels and Location Descriptions, January 2019</u> [PDF – 1]	1 MB]
• <u>NHSN Key Terms, January 2019</u> 🗾 [PDF – 350 KB]	
 <u>CDC/NHSN Surveillance Definitions for Specific Types of Infections, Janua</u> IPDE – 1 MB1 	ar <u>y 2019</u>
 <u>NHSN Organism List (All Organisms, Common Commensals, MBI Organis</u> <u>Bacteria) January 2019</u> [XLSX – 296 KB] 	<u>sms, and l</u>
<u>Guidance for Missing Device-associated Denominator Data</u> [PDF – 14]	5 KB]
Worksheet Generator (electronic) and Worksheets (manual)	
Analysis Resources	

Pathogen Code Updates

- Refer to the 2019 v9.2 version
- Net Change:
 - 30 organisms for 'All Organisms'
 - 16 organisms for 'Common Commensals'
 - 21 organisms for 'MBI Organisms' (including 3 new Genera: Kosakonia, Lelliottia, Pluralibacter)

File <mark>Home</mark> Insert Draw Page Layout Formulas Data R	eview View Help 🗘 Tell me what you want to do
$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ Paste & & \\ &$	
Clipboard 5 Font 5 Ali	gnment 5 Number 5 Styles Cells Editing
A1 \cdot : X \checkmark f_x It is possible your laborator	y may identify an organism that cannot be found when referencing the NHSN Organism List. DO NOT interpret the a
В	C
314 Capnocytophaga cynodegmi	Capnocytophaga cynodegmi (organism)
315 Capnocytophaga gingivalis	Capnocytophaga gingivalis (organism)
316 Capnocytophaga granulosa	Capnocytophaga granulosa (organism)
317 Capnocytophaga hemolytica	Capnocytophaga haemolytica (organism)
318 Capnocytophaga ochracea	Capnocytophaga ochracea (organism)
319 Capnocytophaga sputigena	Capnocytophaga sputigena (organism)
320 carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter	carbapenem resistant Acinetobacter (organism)
321 carbapenem resistant Enterobacter cloacae	carbapenem resistant Enterobacter cloacae (organism)
322 carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae	carbapenem resistant Klebsiella pneumoniae (organism)
323 Cardiobacterium 324 Cardiobacterium hominis	Genus Cardiobacterium (organism)
324 Cardiobacterium nominis 325 Cardiobacterium valvarum	Cardiobacterium hominis (organism) Cardiobacterium valvarum (organism)
325 Cardiodacterium valvarum 326 Catenibacterium	Carolooacterium valvarum (organism) Genus Catenibacterium (organism)
320 Catenibacterium 327 Catenibacterium mitsuokai	Genus catenibacterium (organism) Catenibacterium mitsuokai (organism)
328 Catonella	Genus Catonella (organism)
329 Catonella morbi	Catonella morbi (organism)
330 CDC Corynebacterium group ANF	Corvnebacterium afermentans (organism)
331 CDC Corynebacterium group D-2	Corynebacterium arennenans (organism) Corynebacterium urealyticum (organism)
332 CDC Corynebacterium group G-1	Corynebacterium accolens (organism)
333 CDC Corynebacterium group G-2	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Corynebacterium group G-2 (organism)
334 CDC Corynebacterium group JK	Corynebacterium jeikeium (organism)
335 CDC coryneform group 3	Dermabacter hominis (organism)
336 CDC corvneform group 5	Dermabacter hominis (organism)
337 CDC EF-19	Comamor s terrigena (organism)
	ns UTI Bacteria 🕘 🗄

Updated Unusual Susceptibility (USP) Alerts

Updated Unusual Susceptibility (USP) Alerts for both the Patient Safety and for Dialysis components. **Two** pathogen codes were **added** to the algorithms for **Klebsiella** USPs, and **three** pathogen codes were **removed** from the **Enterobacter** USPs.

Page 2 of 4										USP Alert
Pathogen #	Gram-positive O	rganisms	;							YOU HAVE E
	Staphylococcus of (specify species if ava	-	negative	VANC SIRN						PATHOGEN -Click here fo -Review data
	Enterococcu Enterococcu (Only those no species level)	is faecalis is spp.		DAPTO S NS N	GENTHL [§] S R N	LNZ SIRN	VANC SIRN			-If no data en -If confirmed public health For additiona
	Staphylococcus aureus	CIPRO/LE SIRN	EVO/MOXI	CLIND SIRN	DAPTO S NS N	DOXY/MINO SIRN	ERYTH SIRN	GENT SIRN	LNZ S R N	If confirmed a To correct the
		OX/CEFO	X/METH	RIF SIRN	TETRA SIRN	TIG S NS N	TMZ SIRN	VANC SIRN		To exit and s
Pathogen #	Gram-negative C	Organism	S							(this will save
	Acinetobacter (specify species)	AMK SIRN	AMPSUL SIRN	AZT SIRN	CEFEP SIRN	CEFTAZ SIRN	CIPRO/LEVO SIRN)	COL/PB SIRN	
		GENT SIRN	IMI SIRN	MERO/D SIRN	ORI	PIP/PIPTAZ SIRN		TETRA/I SIRN	OOXY/MINO	<
		TMZ SIRN	TOBRA SIRN							
	Escherichia coli	AMK SIRN	AMP SIRN	AMPSUL SIRN	AMXCLV			FEP S-DD R N	CEFOT/CEFTRX SIRN	



Recognized pathogen:

- The term "recognized pathogen" in **LCBI 1** criteria refers to any organism that is not included on the NHSN common commensal list (see NHSN Master Organism List).
- Exceptions:
 - a. Organisms that are parasites and viruses are excluded as LCBI pathogens.

b. Organisms belonging to the following genera are excluded as LCBI pathogens:
Campylobacter, Salmonella, Shigella, Listeria, Vibrio and Yersinia as well as C. difficile,
Enterohemorrhagic E.coli, and Enteropathogenic E. coli. These organisms are eligible for use
in secondary BSI determinations but will not be reported as the sole pathogen in a primary
BSI.

c. Organisms belonging to the following genera cannot be used to meet any NHSN definition: Blastomyces, Histoplasma, Coccidioides, Paracoccidioides, Cryptococcus, and Pneumocystis. These organisms are excluded because they typically cause community-associated infections and are rarely known to cause healthcare-associated infections.

d. Information found in LCBI Protocol manual: Pg. 4-19

Reminder

- A common commensal identified in a single blood specimen is considered a contaminant. It will not be used to meet LCBI 2 or 3 criteria nor will it prevent a case from meeting MBI-LCBI criteria when the organism requirements call for "only" a specific organism or type of organism (for example, "only intestinal organisms from the MBI list").
- A single Common Commensal cannot be Pathogen #1 when entering LCBI-1. Put the pathogen first and the common commensal second.

LCBI Changes

- BSI event three new required fields
 - Any hemodialysis catheter present: Yes/No dropdown
 - Extracorporeal life support present (e.g. ECMO): Yes/No dropdown
 - Ventricular access device (VAD) present: Yes/No dropdown
- These will be excluded if **Yes** from analysis of CLABSI

Risk Factors	
*If ICU/Other locations, Central line: Yes No	Check all that apply: Yes No *Any hemodialysis catheter present
*If Specialty Care Area/Oncology,	Yes No *Extracorporeal life support present (ECLS or ECMO)
Permanent central line: Yes No	Yes No *Ventricular-assist device (VAD) present
Temporary central line: Yes No	

New **Optional** BSI Risk Factor Fields

- Known or suspected Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy during current admission: (Yes/No)
- Observed or suspected patient injection into vascular line(s) within the BSI infection window period (Yes/No)
- Epidermolysis bullosa during current admission (Yes/No).



- Matching organism is identified in blood and from <u>a site-specific specimen</u>, both collected within the infection window period and pus is present at one of the following vascular sites from which the specimen was collected: (Yes/No)
 - If yes, then select one: Arterial catheter, Arteriovenous fistula, Arteriovenous graft, Atrial lines (Right and Left), Hemodialysis reliable outflow (HERO) catheter, Intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) device, Nonaccessed central line (not accessed nor inserted during the admission), Peripheral IV or Midline catheter
- Will be required in 2020

Important

Risk Factors	
*If ICU/Other locations, Central line: Yes No	Check all that apply: Yeso Noo *Any hemodialysis catheter present
*If Specialty Care Area/Oncology,	Yes No *Extracorporeal life support present (ECLS or ECMO)
Permanent central line:YesNoTemporary central line:YesNo	Yes No *Ventricular-assist device (VAD) present
*If NICU, Central line, including umbilical catheter Yes No	Check all that apply : If any option(s) from below are checked 'Yes', then mark the "Central Line" risk factor field 'No' if an eligible central line was also in place.
Birth weight (grams)	Yes No Known or suspected Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy during current admission Yes No Observed or suspected patient injection into vascular line(s) within the BSI infection window period Yes No Epidermolysis bullosa during current admission Yes No Matching organism is identified in blood and from a site-specific specimen, both collected within the infection window period and pus is present at one of the following vascular sites from which the specimen was collected: Arterial catheter Arteriovenous fistula Arteriovenous graft Arteriolewation (Right and Left) Hemodialysis reliable outflow (HERO) catheter Intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) device Non-accessed central line (not accessed nor inserted during the admission) Peripheral IV or Midline catheter
	Date of Device Insertion: / /

Practice

- Patient has a positive blood specimen identifying *S*.
 aureus on hospital day 6. A subsequent positive blood specimen is collected on hospital day 12 that identifies *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.
- Do I have one or 2 LCBI?
- What is the RIT now?

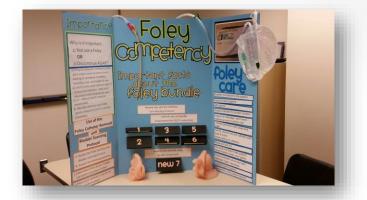
	atient Nam dmission I			1		-
Date / Hospital Day	First diagnostic test or first sign/sympt	Infection Window Period	Date of Event	RIT (Repeat Infection Timeframe)	Secondary BSI Attribution Period	•
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
	S. aureus					
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
	P. A.					
13						
14						_
15						_
16						-
17						-
18						\vdash
20						
20						\vdash
21						\vdash
23						\vdash
23				+		\vdash
21						E

Practice

- A urine culture report on day 11 and a blood specimen report collected on day 12 show *E. faecalis*.
- Can the Blood Culture for *E. faecalis* be a secondary BSI?
- On hospital day 15 a blood culture which grows *Staphylococcus aureus* is collected.
- Can this blood culture be added to the previous event?

	Patient N Admissio				
Date/ Hospital Day	First diagnostic test or first	Infection Window Period	Date of Event	RIT (Repeat Infection Timeframe)	Secondary BSI Attributio n Period
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
	Urine E. F				
12	Blood E.F				
13	Fever 101				
14					
	Blood SA				
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
		L		1	

SUTI Changes



- ">2 calendar days" replaced with "more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location"
- "Catheter," "Foley," "Foley catheter" and "urinary catheter" replaced with "indwelling urinary catheter" or "IUC" throughout the protocol.
- Catheter days (and central line days) referenced as **Denominator Device Days**
- SUTI 1a: Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI) in any age patient clarified:
- Patient has at least one of the following signs or symptoms:
 - fever (>38.0°C):
 - Reminder: To use fever in a patient > 65 years of age, the IUC needs to be in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location on date of event and <u>is either still in place OR was</u> <u>removed the day before the DOE</u>. (Remainder of definition is unchanged)

To use fever in a patient > 65 years of age

• Criteria:

- In place for more than 2 days in an inpatient location on date of event: Yes/No
- Either still in place OR was removed the day before the DOE.
- 70 year old patient with a fever 100.6 on Day 2 and Day 7, IUC removed on Day 6, can you use fever as the symptom for a SUTI in this patient?
- What is the date of event?
- Is this POA?

Hospital Day	Infection Window		
Oct 1		IUC inserted	
2		Fever 100.6	DOE?
3			
4			
5	E. Coli UC		DOE?
6		IUC removed	
7		Fever 100.6	DOE?
8			
9			

Name change for *Clostridium difficile*

Clostridioides difficile

- In protocol manuals but not in database yet
- Simplified title "MDRO and CDI Prevention Process and Outcome Measures Monthly Monitor Form" to "MDRO and CDI Monthly Denominator Form"





Improvement: FacWideIN denominator form: Clearer language, instructions, and formulas

NHSN National Healthcare Safety Network			Form App OMB No. 0920 Exp. Date: 11/30 www.cdc.gov
Page 1 of 2	MDRO and	CDI Monthly	Denominator Form
*required for saving	**conditionally re	equired based upon moni	toring selection in Monthly Reporting Plan
Facility ID #:	*Month:	*Year:	*Location Code:
Line 1: Setting: Inpatie **Total Facility Patien		_	**Total Facility Admissions:
	has a CMS-certified cility Patient Days" a		AS-certified psych unit (IPF), please subtract these " (Line 1). If you do not have these units, enter the sa
Counts= [Total Facilit	y – (IRF + IPF)]		
Patient Days:	Adı	missions:	
	cility Patient Days" a		F, NICU, or Well Baby Unit, please subtract those " (Line 1). If you do not have these units, enter the sa
Counts= [Total Facilit	y – (IRF + IPF + NIC	CU + Well Baby Unit)]	
Patient Days:			

Analysis of CDI

Note: When using a multitesting methodology for CD identification, the final result of the last test finding which is placed onto the patient medical record will determine if the CDI positive laboratory assay definition is met

Clarified: Testing must be on same stool sample

<u>Parameter</u>	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	<u>P-value</u>
Intercept	-8.9463	0.0523	<0.000
Inpatient community-onset prevalence rate*	0.7339	0.0181	<0.000
CDI test type ⁺ : EIA	-0.1579	0.0246	<0.000
CDI test type⁺: NAAT	0.1307	0.0219	<0.000
CDI test type ⁺ : OTHER	REFERENT		

*10. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? (check one)

- □ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- □ Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- □ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)
- NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- □ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)
- □ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- □ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- □ Toxigenic culture (C. difficile culture followed by detection of toxins)
- Other (specify):

("Other" should not be used to name specific laboratories, reference laboratories, or the brand names of C. difficile tests; most methods can be categorized accurately by selecting from the options provided. Please ask your laboratory or conduct a search for further guidance on selecting the correct option to report.)

Multidrug-Resistant Organism & Clostridium difficile Infection (MDRO/CDI) Module January, 2018, Pg 12-21

56

2 Step

Tests

Final Test for CDI

- Must be same specimen
- Same patient in same location
- Do not enter duplicates (Day 1 is specimen collection day)
- Count 14 days from last positive
- Example: Positive specimens on September 1, 6, 17th and 30th. Same patient in the same location. Which one(s) are entered into NHSN?

Examples of Multi-step Testing Interpretations (does not consider prior positives):

Multi-step Testing Same Specimen	Testing Step	Testing Method	Documented Findings	Eligible LabID Event?		
Example A	Test 1	NAAT	Negative			
-	Test 2	GDH	Positive	Yes		
Last test	Test 3	EIA	Positive			
Example B	Test 1	NAAT	Positive			
	Test 2	GDH	Positive	No		
Last test	Test 3	EIA	Negative			
Example C	Test 1	GDH	Positive			
-	Test 2	EIA	Negative	Yes		
Last test	Test 3	NAAT	Positive			
Example D	Test 1	GDH	Positive			
	Test 2	EIA	Positive	No		
Last test	Test 3	NAAT	Negative			

ICD-10-PCS/CPT Operative Procedure Code Update

- The NHSN ICD-10-PCS/CPT operative procedure codes are annually reviewed and validated. Must use 2019 codes for 2019 procedures.
- For all procedures, if the ICD-10 PCS code has been designated, and if there is a number 4 or the letter F in the 5th position of the ICD-10 PCS code, "Scope" is automatically set to "Yes" with the possibility of edit, otherwise, it is automatically set to "No" with the possibility of edit.

ICD-10 5 th Character	Approach	Scope Field		
0	Open approach	No		
4	Percutaneous endoscopic approach	Yes		
F	Via natural or artificial opening with endoscopic assistance approach	Yes		

Note: If a procedure is coded as *open and scope* then the procedure should be entered into NHSN as **Scope = NO**. The *open* designation is considered a higher risk procedure.

Operative Code List: ICD-10 & CPT

Surveillance for Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Events

Resources for NHSN Users Already Enrolled

Training	
Protocols	
Frequently Asked Questions	
Data Collection Forms	
CMS Supporting Materials	
Supporting Materials	

2019 Operative Procedure Code Documents The documents listed below should be used for procedures performed in 2019.

- Update! ICD-10-PCS Procedure Code Mapping to NHSN Operative Procedure Codes
 [XLSX 750 KB]
- Update! Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Procedure Code Mapping to NHSN Operative Procedure Codes [[XLSX - 350 KB]
- Additional Guidance for use with NHSN Operative Procedure Codes
 - ICD-10-PCS & CPT Codes Guidance for HPRO & KPRO Procedure Details [XLSX – 46K]

This guidance document may be used for completing the NHSN procedure details for HPRO – hip arthroplasty and/or KPRO – Knee arthroplasty operative procedures.

New Users -Start Enrollment Here



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Step 1: Enroll into NHSN

Step 2: Set up NHSN

Step 3: Report

Click here to enroll



Miscellaneous

- Business rule added to limit SSI Deep Incisional Secondary SSI events to a surveillance period of less than or equal to 30 days.
- SA-Spinal Abscess" to "SA-Spinal Abscess/Infection" (spinal abscess, spinal subdural or epidural infection). Criteria for this updated
- ENDO (Endocarditis) definition updated
- Clarified Skin and Soft Tissue definition does not include vascular sites



Ventilator Associated Events

- VAE able to import
- Meropeneum/vaborbactam was added to the VAE protocol Appendix: List of Antimicrobials Agents Eligible for IVAC, PVAP and the VAE calculator.
- New Pediatric VAE module: Only for Pediatric and Neonatal locations

TAP Reports

- Updated the Pathogen List for CAUTI TAP Reports. Updated the footnotes for CAUTI TAP Reports for facilities and groups.
 - Yeast (YS) is not considered a pathogen for CAUTI within NHSN, it was removed in the TAP Report as a pathogen. Yeast was replaced by Enterobacter species in the pathogen list.
 - Proteus mirabilis was replaced by Proteus species in the pathogen list

National Healthcare Safety Network TAP Report for CAUTI Data for Acute Care and Critical Access Hospitals (2015 Baseline) Locations Ranked by CAD Within a Facility SIR Goal : HHS Goal = 0.75

A TAP Report is the first step in the CDC TAP Strategy. For more information on the TAP strategy, please visit: http://www.cdc.gov/hai/prevent/tap.html As of: January 10, 2019 at 10:21 AM Date Range: BS2_CAU_TAP summaryYr 2018 to 2018

FACILITY		LOCATION										
orgID	name	facCAD	locRank	location	loccdc	infCount	numucathdays	locDUR	locCAD	locSIR	SIRtest	numPathUTI
1. This report includes CAUTI data for 2015 and forward.								-	3 (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)			
												5 (1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0)
2. If loc	ation-level CADs	are the sa	ame in a giv	ven facility, their	ranks are tied.							3 (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
3. (EC, I	SP, PA, KS, PS, E	S) = No. of	f E. Coli, En	terobacter speci	es, P. aeruginosa, K. pn	eumoniae/K. oxyto	ca, Proteus specie	es, Enterod	occus spe	ecies		2 (1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)
4. SIK IS	set to . when p	predicted	number of	events is <1.0.								1 (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1)
5. LOCATION CAD = (OBSERVED_LOCATION – PREDICTED_LOCATION* SELECTED SIR Goal)								1 (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1)				
6. SIR TEST = 'SIG' means SIR > SIR Goal significantly							1 (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)					
Source of aggregate data: 2015 NHSN CAUTI Data								1 (1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)				
	00 0			lovember 8, 2018 at	12:29 PM.							

Summary

- Lots of changes to the Annual Survey
- Be sure to get help in completing survey as data affects your benchmarks
- Now is the time to review locations and adjust to facility changes
- Add 2019 monthly reporting plans
- Utilize 2019 definition changes with all January 1, 2019 entries



Contact Information

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