COACHING FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE



Creating a Coaching Environment

Our **Objectives** Today Coaching Organizations Coaching Individual Effective S Communicatio n

1.What do you think of when you think of a coach?

2.How do you think coaching can benefit you and your organization?

Effective Communication between employees and senior leadership ranks among the top five "very important" aspects of job satisfaction, as reported by employees and HR professionals. 31% of survey participants in a large metropolitan community reported that not being clear about expectations in management-worker 2019 Study found 80% of relationships is one of the employees were stressed due to most stressful aspects of ineffective organizational their work. communication





In the past week, how many different ways have you communicated with others at work?

Add in personally?

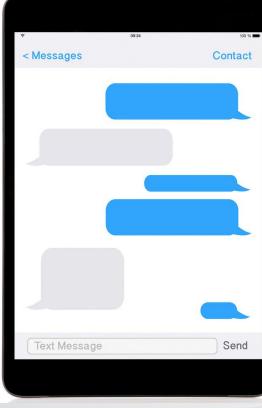


Perception Experience Share













asomnia Sleep Apnea





Effective Communication

How to get an idea from my brain to your brain so you INTERPRET it the way I INTENDED it?

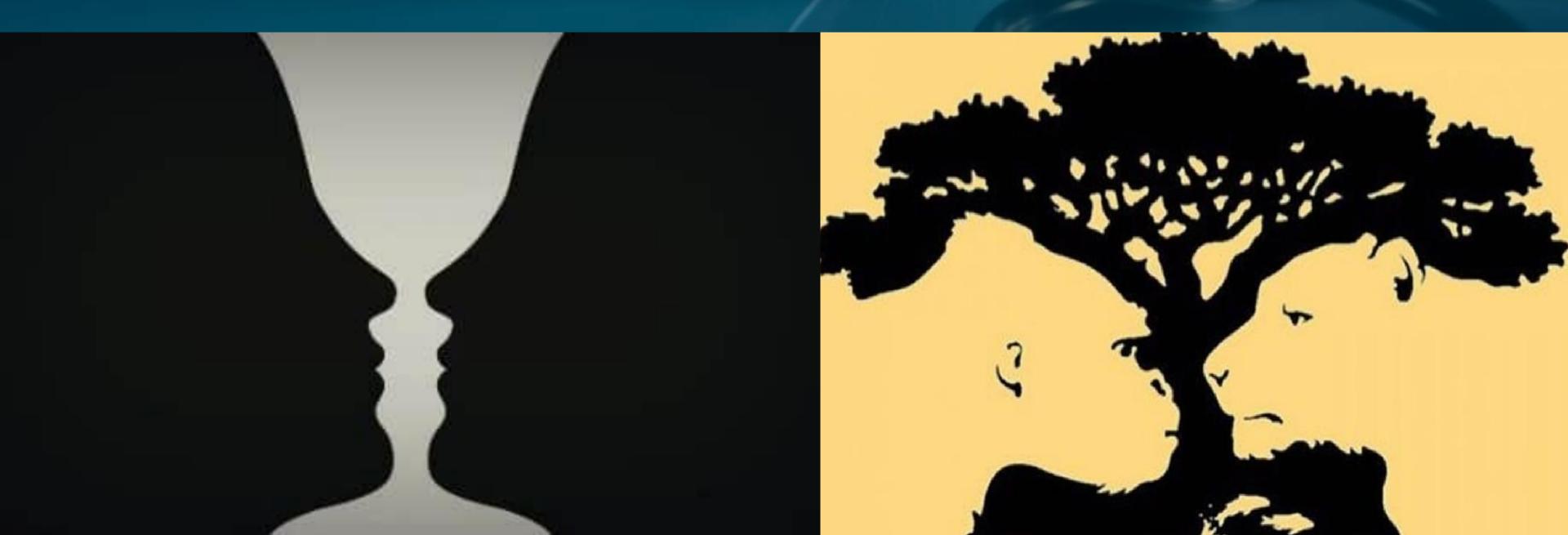
Think of a recent miscommunication:

- What was the situation?
- How long was it until you knew it was a miscommunication?
- How did you feel when you knew?
- What were your thoughts?
- What did you do as a result of those thoughts?
- How did you feel afterwards?
- What did you do differently the next time?



PERCEPTION

Is NOT necessarily factual, but is one's REALITY



Perception Key Points

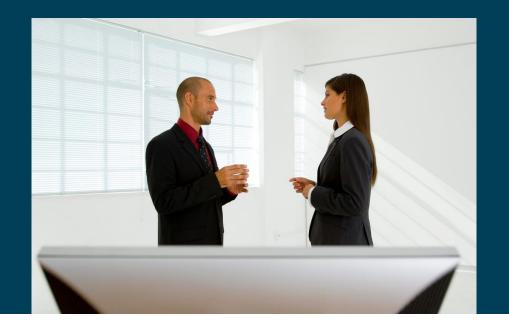
- We all have unique and different experiences, cultural backgrounds, belief systems, and values

 These are all valuable
- It is important to note when one perceives something differently, it does not mean it is "bad" or "wrong" - it is a different perspective to take into account and we can learn
- Two people can view or hear the exact same event and have different takeaways.
- We do not always see things the same way, even though we think we do





Types of Communication



VERBAL



NON-VERBAL

"A good leader is a person who takes a little more than his share of the blame and a little less than his share of the credit. - John C. Maxwell

coach development idea business LEADERSHIP Problem Vision Plansuccess education Solution

Questions for Reflection

- How do you make difficult decisions?
 - How much time do you need?
 - How much time do you get?
- What is your tolerance for risk?
- How do you react to frequent and/or major change?
- How willing are you to admit when you are wrong?
 - How long does take you?
 - How do you communicate it?
- How much do you trust others to get the job done?
- What percentage of the time do you keep your word?
- How do you respond to others when you are under pressure?



• How do you view employees & colleagues who have a differing risk tolerance?





How do you like to give feedback? How do you like to receive feedback?



Feedback Key Points

Giving

Receiving

- Stick to the facts
- Talk problem, not person
- Know your audience
- Gain an understanding through asking targeted questions
- Make Time

- Listen
- Practice Emotional Regulation
- There's an opportunity here
 - Grow
 - Learn
 - Explain
 - Connect



Authenticity

- What does authentic leadership
 - Sound like?
 - Look like?
 - Feel like? (from leaders & employee)

Think of a time someone in authority was not authentic

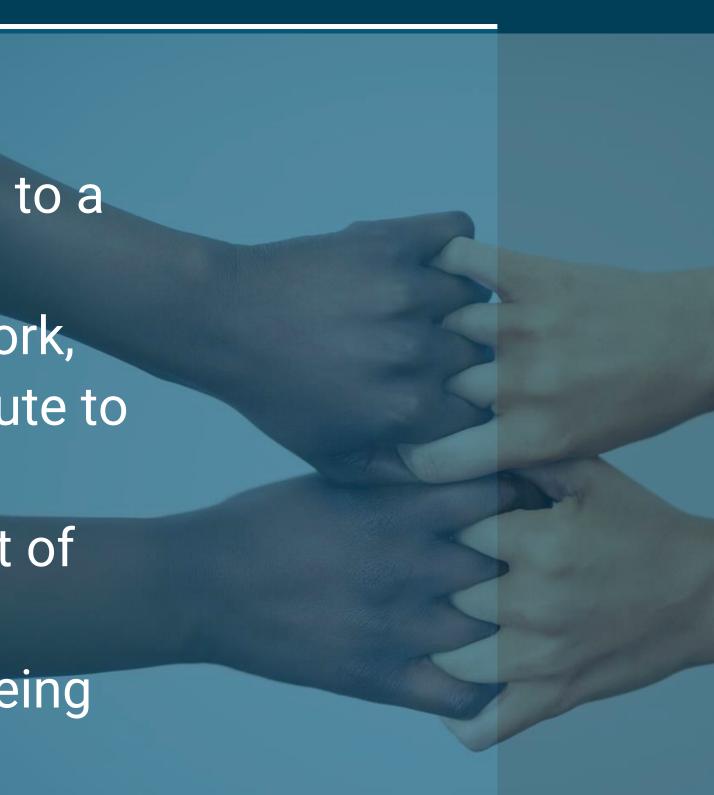
How did that impact your relationship with them? What did you do about it? How has that molded how you are as a leader?

UNTRUSTWORTHY

2

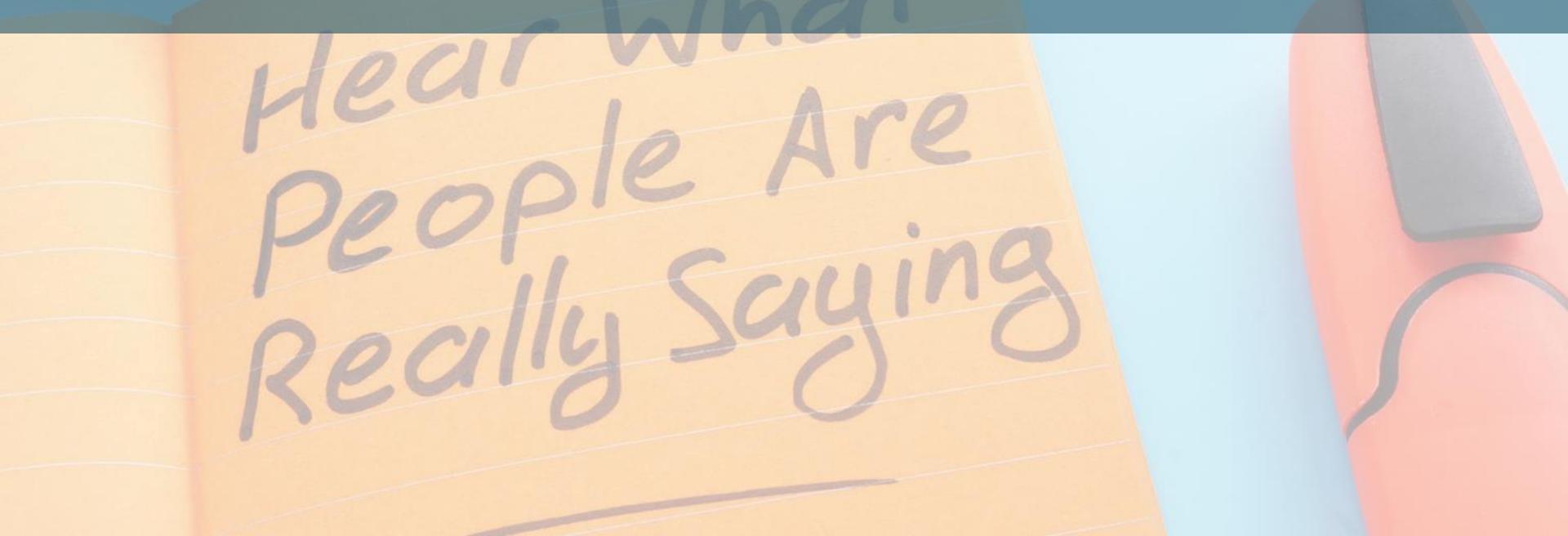
GENUINENESS

- What examples, if any, can you give of constructive feedback that you want to give to a colleague, but have not given? Why not?
- What conflicts, if any, are you avoiding at work, even though you have something to contribute to the issue?
- How can you appropriately assert your point of view?
- How can you strengthen a relationship by being more authentic?



LISTENING

CRITICAL Skill for EFFECTIVE Communication



Think of a time you felt heard

Not agreed with, HEARD

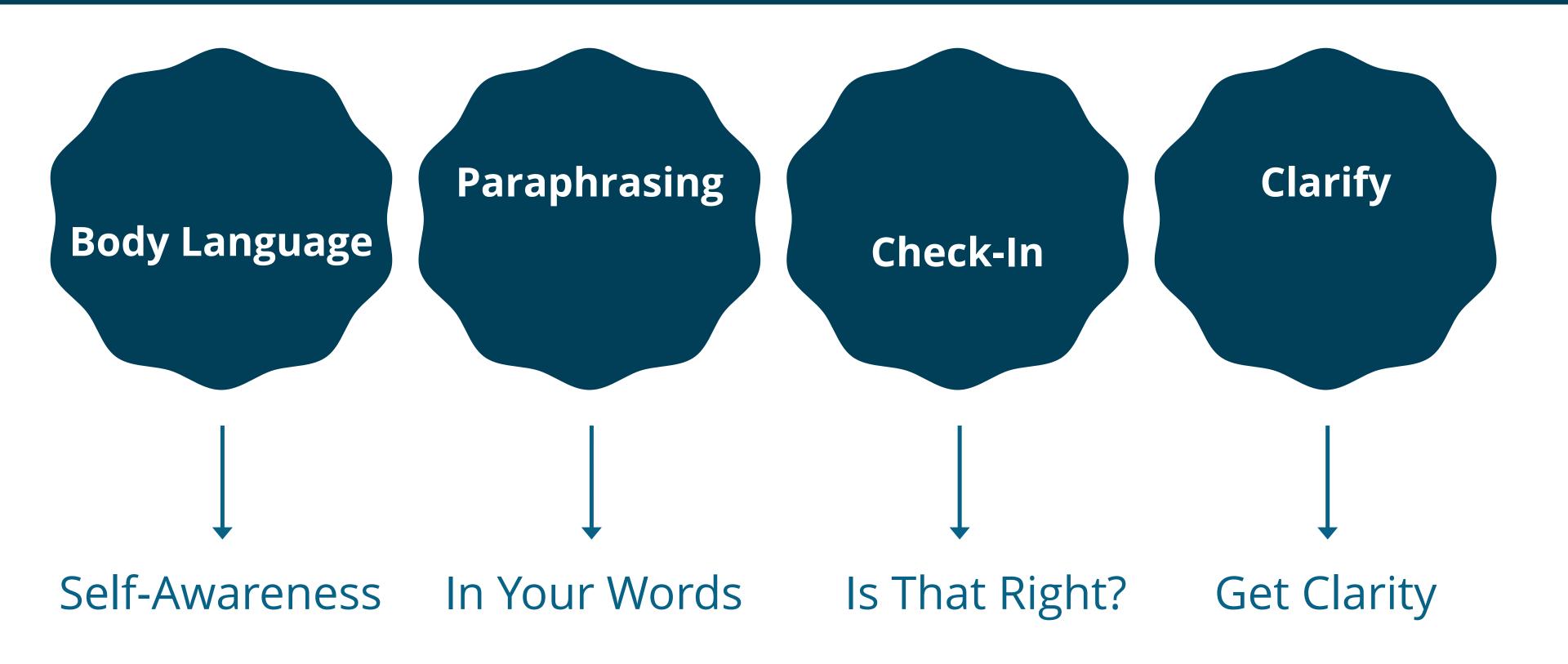
How did you know? Feel?

Now, think of a time you felt unheard

How did you know? Feel?



Active Listening Tips



Active Listening Steps

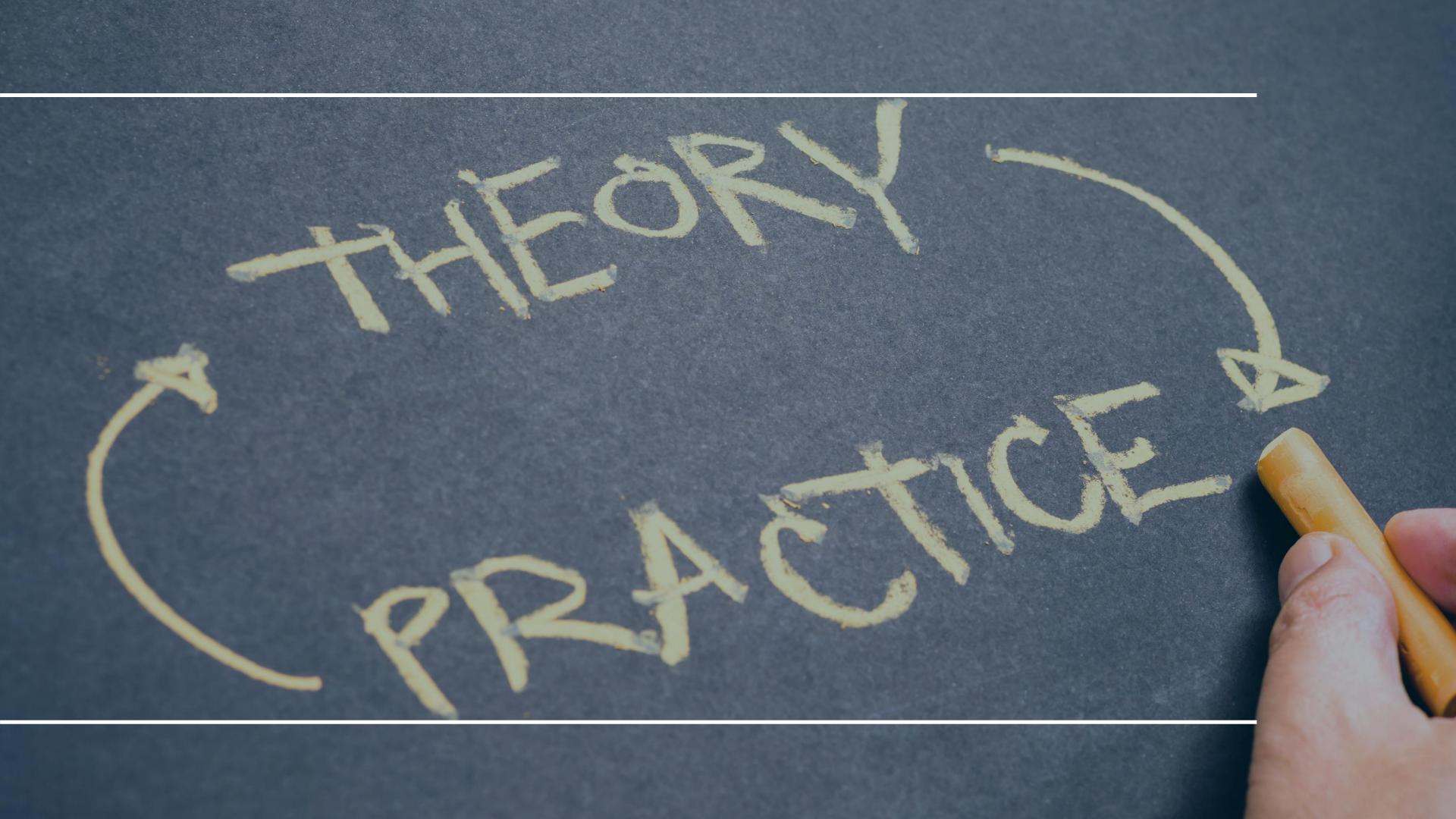
- Create a Safe Environment
 - Draw the other person out
 - Use door openers: "could you explain," or "tell me more"
 - Actively acknowledge: "I see," "yes," "go on"
- Become Actively Involved (non-verbal)
 - Focus your COMPLETE attention on the speaker
 - Make eye contact
 - Smile (be aware of your natural state)
 - Maintain open, relaxed posture
 - Sit or stand squarely
 - Lean forward
 - Tune out distractions



Active Listening Steps (cont.)

- Avoid the Temptation to Evaluate (so you can listen)
 - Be aware of judgments & biases
 - Be aware of critical thoughts
- Search for Meaning
 - Decode the message
 - Perceive the speaker's feelings
 - Discover the real message
- Confirm Your Understanding
 - Acknowledge, Restate, Paraphrase
- Bring Closure
 - Summarize 0
 - State your position (if appropriate)
 - Agree on actions to be taken (as necessary)





555% FACIAL EXPRESSION/BODY LANGUAGE

7%

38%



Provide the second seco Communication

3.Test Assumptions

4.Ask Clarifying Questions



Improving the Overall Capability of Leaders

If your organization could improve the overall capability of your managers

What one skill area would have the biggest impact on the organization's overall performance?

Having candid dialogue: 31%



What's the COST of TURNOVER?



Turnover Cost Formula

ANNUAL SALARY

Replacement cost @ 150%

40-Employee Company with 10% Turnover

TOTAL COST PER YEAR

\$40,000

\$60,000

<u>x 4</u>

\$240,000





Growth and Development

Performance rather than Development



Achievement of Work Tasks Priorities



Establish Goals 33.3%

Coach & Mentor 33.3%

Coaching is ...

Ongoing Process

Different from Training



Involves Behavioral Change

Skills, Qualities, & Characteristics of **Effective Coaches**

- Patience
- Enthusiasm
- Honesty & Integrity
- Friendliness
- Genuine Concern for Others
- Self-Confidence
- Fairness

- Flexibility

 Consistency Resourcefulness Influence & Power Courage to Speak Up Courage to Speak the Truth

Skills for Effective Coaches

- Communicating Information
- Questioning & Challenging
- Establishing Priorities & Expectations
- Analyzing

- Levels

 Listening & Supporting Setting Goals & Objectives • Relating to People at all

Planning & Organizing

Coaching Model

Step 1: What is the current situation? Get agreement that a problem exists

Step 5: Acknowledgement Reinforce any achievement when it occurs

> Step 4: Accountability Follow up to measure results

Step 3: Mutually agree on action to be taken to solve problem

Step 2: What are the options? Mutually discuss alternative solutions

4 Critical A's of Coaching

Active Inquiry

Acknowledgement

Appreciative Inquiry

Accountability

Active Inquiry

Foundation of a coaching conversation

The practice of asking powerful open-ended questions

Inquiry helps you understand a situation, and often helps your employee resolve an issue on their own

Active Inquiry: Questions How long has this been a problem?

What is it costing you?

What has worked and what hasn't worked?

What do you think is the root cause of the problem?

What beliefs do you have about the situation?

Appreciative Inquiry

- Builds upon the positive aspect of human nature
- We work best when our strengths (gifts) are noticed and utilized
- We work best when conditions for exceptional performance are enhanced
- We each need to be seen as essential to the group. If we "lift up? meaningful contributions, it creates a compelling guiding image for others We build energy for others when people can express and
 - experience their "full voice" about good, better, possible

Appreciative Inquiry: Questions What's worked/working that you can build on?

What becomes possible once you overcome this challenge?

Who do you want on your team in order to solve this problem?

What's a small success you can achieve with one step forward?

Accountability

- Help employee stay accountable for their goals
- Questions to Ask:
 - Is this goal important to you?
 - I appreciate the goals we have been achieving; however, it seems like progress has slowed down the last month. What do you think/believe has slowed your progress?



Accountability Questions

- What is our shared goal?
- What's our ultimate purpose with this goal?
- What does success look like?
- How will we measure your success?
- What steps must we take to get there?
- What piece of this will you own?
- How will we hold ourselves accountable?
- How will we respond if things go off-course?



Acknowledgement

- CELEBRATE a small or large achievement
- Acknowledge vulnerability & willingness
- Reflections:
 - I want to say that I really respect and admire ...
 - What were their contributions to the success of the goal?
 - What is going on that they are not willing to acknowledge their success?

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- t and admire ... the success of the

How long has this been a problem?	What's worked/working that you can build on?	Why is this goal important to you?	I want to say that I really respect and admire
What is it costing you?	What becomes possible once you overcome this challenge?	What do you see has slowed your progress?	You made some great decisions leading that project last month!
What has worked and what hasn't worked?	Who do you want on your team in order to solve this problem?	What do you feel responsible for? What is out of your control?	You are an exceptional decision- maker. A great example was
What do you think is the root cause of the problem?	What's a small success you can achieve by taking one step forward?	How would you like me to hold you accountable?	What were their contributions to the success of the goal?
What beliefs do you have about the situation?	What are the main elements contributing to the success of this goal?	How have you demonstrated ownership of this?	What is going on that they are not willing to acknowledge their success?
What outcome would be ideal?	What do you value most about being a part of this team?	How do you want me to approach you if you don't follow through?	
What do you want to change?	What do you see as the 3 most desirable things about our team that we can build on for success?	What would be a good way to bring this up?	

Possible Topics:

- How to begin a coaching session? How to approach someone with the intent of having a coaching session?
- How do you coach someone who is older than you?
- How to have a conversation with a staff member when they are complaining about other staff members?
- How do I address the issue of unapproved overtime and time management?
- My staff tell me I am a micro-manager.
- How do you hold people accountable and still maintain respect?
- How do you manage an employee who is confrontational and disrespectful?
- How do I instill trust in my team?

d still maintain respect? s confrontational and

Perceptual Coaching

- Extremely powerful process that changes the automatic thinking and perceiving patters of your staff member
- Examples:
 - I can't trust anyone
 - It needs to be perfect
 - I need to be right
 - I don't have enough ... (time, money, etc.)

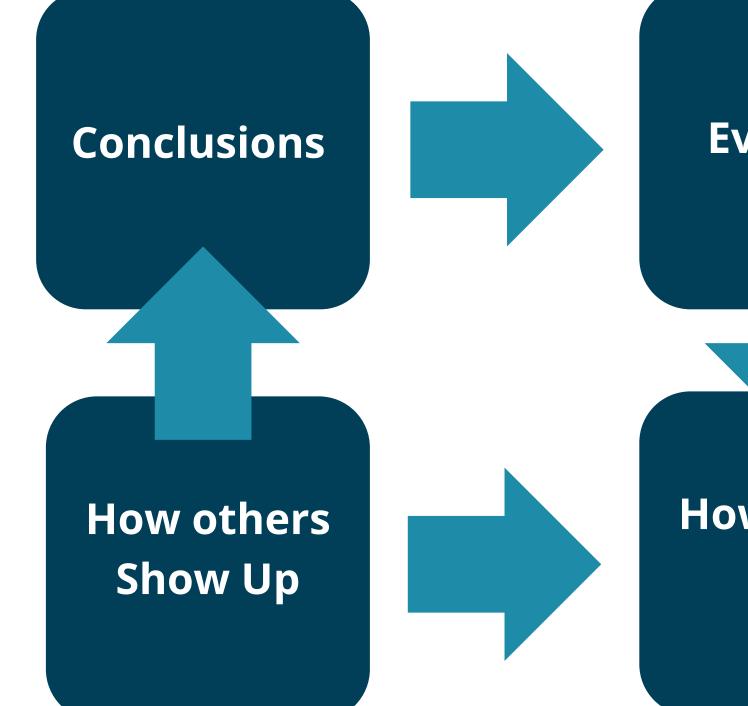




Foundations Principles of Perceptual Coaching

- Perceptions guide how we think and act
- Some perceptions support us other hold us back
- Some have served us up until this point
- Perceptions are deeply held and have been ingrained over many years
- Perceptions that don't serve us have costs

4 Box Model





Evidence

How I Show Up

4 Box Model & Limiting Beliefs • Listen for:

- Over generalizing
- Should, must, have-to
- Fortune telling or jumping to conclusions
- All or nothing thinking
- Labeling
- Discounting the positive
- Guilt, blame or shame



Perceptual Coaching

- Recognize and acknowledge/appreciate the perceptions/beliefs the employee has that do support their goals
- Identify places where perceptions seem t be limiting their effectiveness
- Choose one perception to work on at a time
- Conduct an inquiry to get at the costs of the perception



Phase 1: Perceptual Coaching

- What situations have come up where this perception got in the way? How?
- How is this impacting your life outside of your work? (health, sleep, relationships, etc.)?
- What emotions (anger, fear, sadness, frustration, disconnection, etc.) are you experiencing?

Phase 2: Perceptual Coaching

- Carry that perception out in time
 - If you don't do anything right now, what will the cost be in 6 months, 1 year, 3 years?
 - How will that impact your career / personal goals?
 - **Relationships? Health? Etc...**
- Choose a replacement that is empowering, but does not compete with old belief



Perceptual Coaching Continued

 Go through benefits of the new perception/belief now and in the future by using **If/Then exercise:** • If I do this ..., Then ... Questions to Ask: If you change this, what happens? What does it mean to you? Your team? Spouse? Family?

Perceptual Coaching Continued

- Make new perception/belief a habit:
 - Preplanning a mental rehearsal
 - Journaling to record thoughts, feelings, & results
 - Self-talk (positive affirmations)
 - Acknowledging success
 - Talk about success and failure to keep on track
 - Takes 90-120 days + to make a lasting change



Coaching the Team Knowledge & Experience are your team's most valuable asset



The Power of Optimism

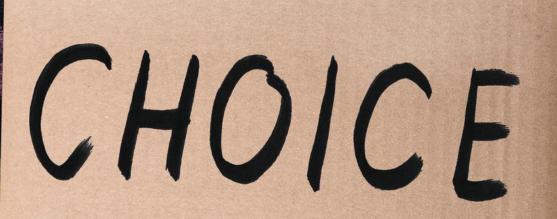
- Optimistic Team Members
 - Explain set backs as temporary, specific, and where appropriate, externally caused
 - Do not view the event as long-lasting or permanent
 - Believe event can be corrected and refuse to catastrophize
 - It is a single event with a specific negative impact • They only own the result if they should (within their control)

Pessimism At Work

- Explain setbacks as permanent, pervasive, and personal
- Believe the negative setback is long-lasting
- Globalize the setback and believe the worst is going to happen, it's just a matter of time
- Believe they are responsible for the barriers, even when they are not
- Tend to play the setback on repeat in their minds

TEAMS

Reflect the attitudes, beliefs, and mindsets of the induvial team members





The Power of Choice

Man does not simply exist, but always decides what his existence will be, what he will become in the next moment...

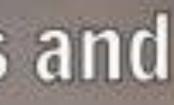
Viktor E. Frankl

(quotefancy



Between stimulus and response there is a space. In that space is our power to choose our response. In our response lies our growth and our freedom. Viktor E. Frankl

BrainyQuote*



Explanatory

- Composed of team member's automatic thoughts
- They must understand that they can change the way they think about their setbacks and successes
- Pessimistic teams can change their habitual explanatory style by first becoming aware of these automatic thoughts



Optimistic Questions

- Coaching technique you can use when a team experiences a setback
- Any question that causes the team to reflect and think about the things they want to have happen.
 - What can you do that's in your control?
 - What's going well?
 - What has worked well in the past? How can you apply it to the current circumstance?
 - What did you learn from this that helps you going forward?
 - What can we do to make this better?



Peer Models

- Demonstrate continual Improvement
- At first, performance is flawed, but over time they improve on the sequential steps, the strategies for overcoming obstacles, and the thought process necessary for success
- Convey how persistence can lead to success





Mastery Models

- Demonstrate successful execution of a specific task
- Demonstrates proper sequential steps
- The strategies for overcoming obstacles
- The thought process necessary for success



Social Persuasion

- A leader needs to convince a group that a big change in direction is necessary & achievable
 - Managers can take the wind in their faces and make it wind in their sails by speaking not just of what will be gained by moving but also of what will be lost if people fail to move." - Daniel Kahneman
 - The other place people look is to PEERS. If a couple of people are holding back a team meeting - do not focus attention on them, instead focus on those who are FOR the change.



The Fastest Way to

- **Improve** The most severe complaint about team leadership from team members, involves leaders who are unwilling to confront and resolve issues associated with inadequate performance by team members.
- Carl Larson & Frank LaFasto Teamwork: What Must Go Right / What Can Go Wrong



Conclusion

- Coaching provides the ability to:
 - Improve and sustain results
 - It can add significantly to the transfer of training by implementing the art of active and appreciative inquiry:
 - What will that concept look like when you actually apply it on the job?
 - How did that work for you?
 - Coaching gets people into dialogue and moves the dial on goals!

What Are Your Acton **Items**?

KEY TAKE AWAYS:

HOW YOU PLAN TO USE THEM:





Your Commitment

What is one specific step you will take in the next month on your leadership journey?



Thank you!!!

Nicole Winkler

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