Session 2

- The Three Behaviors
- Management of each behavior
- Event Investigation
- Just Culture and Rot Cause Analysis
- The Just Culture Algorithm
- Application with case scenarios
- Just Culture journey at Bringham & Womens Hospital

COVERNS



Human Error Inadvertent action Slip, lapse, mistake



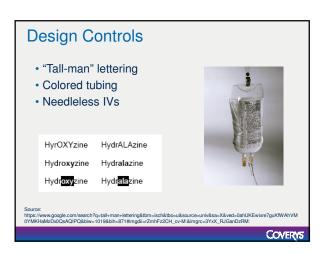




• Administrative Controls • Design Controls • Elimination controls

COVERYS

Administrative Controls • Policy/procedure change • Education/training AND TRAINING COVERNS



Elimination Controls

- Discontinue equipment
- Close or discontinue a service



COVERYS

At-Risk Behavior

- A choice
- Complacency
- "Drift"
- Perception of risk



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At-Risk Behavior in Healthcare

Omitting the "time-out" for a procedure



At-Risk Behavior in Healthcare

- Omitting a double-check for a high-risk medication
- Not following the "8 rights" of medication administration



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Management of At-Risk Behavior



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Management of At-Risk Behavior



COACH

Source: David Marx, Patient Safety and the "Just Culture, Outcome Engineering, LLC, 2007.

Management of At-Risk Behavior

By:

- Removing incentives for risky behaviors
- Creating incentives for healthy behaviors
- Increasing situational awareness



COVERNS

Removing Incentives for At-Risk Behavior

Reduce time pressures



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Creating Incentives for Healthy Behaviors

Reward employees for reporting errors and "near-misses"



Source: National Safety Council and Alliance, An OSHA Cooperative Program, Near Miss Reporting Systems, May 2013

Increasing Situational Awareness

- Share case examples
- Perform a root cause analysis of "near-miss" and actual events
- · Learn from mistakes



COVERYS

Reckless Behavior

- A conscious decision to violate a procedural rule
- · Continuing "at risk" behaviors, despite coaching



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Reckless Behavior

Performing surgery while intoxicated



Reckless Behavior	
Not reporting a medication error to the physician	
COVERYS	
Management of Deaklage Pohovier	
Management of Reckless Behavior	
Discipline Punishment	
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Discipline	
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The Just Culture Algorithm	

- David Marx Outcome Engenuity
 Tool to understand and categorize your employees choices

 - Objective framework
 Guides consistent, objective, and fair evaluations of behavior leading to errors or events.

The Just Culture Algorithm

- Use to evaluate events, near misses or risky behavior
- Use to evaluate conduct when the behavior of the employee does not match the values of the organization
- Use to assess system contributions and accountability



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Event Investigation Non-punitive approach Evaluation Prevention plan Communication

Interview

- Show empathy
- Get the facts
- · Save the most difficult questions for last



Just Culture and RCA Root cause analysis (RCA²) RCA² Improving Root Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Topic production of Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Topic production of Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Topic production of Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Topic production of Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyses and Actions to Prevent Harm. **Source: The National Platest Soliety Foundation. RCA2: Improving Bod Cause Analyse



Persons involved in the error are not on the RCA team Interviews are conducted COVERNS

Just Culture Case Scenarios	
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Scenario Guide

Breach of Duty

- Duty to produce an outcome
- Duty to follow a procedural rule
- Duty to avoid causing unjustifiable risk or harm

Type of Error

- · Human error
- · At-risk behavior
- · Reckless behavior

Repetitive Human Errors

What is repetitive?

- Are there:
- System performance shaping factors?
- Are there personal performance shaping factors?



Repetitive At-Risk Behaviors

What is repetitive?

Are there:

- System performance shaping factors
- Performance shaping factors



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Transitioning to Just Culture - Management

- · Create an open learning environment
- Learn when to console and when to coach employees
- Commit to the limited use of warnings and punitive actions in the limited circumstances where it benefit system values
- Strive to understand why human errors occur
- Strive to understand why at-risk behaviors occur

Source: David Marx, Patient Safety and the "Just Culture, Outcome Engineering, LLC, 200

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Management Transitioning

- Learn to see what's common to prioritize risk and interventions
- Work with staff to design systems that reduce the rate of human error and at-risk behavior, or mitigate their effects
- Learn to measure risk, at both the unit and organizational level



Transitioning for Providers and Staff

- · Look for risks in the systems in which we work
- Look for risk in our own behavioral choices
- Evaluate risk versus benefit looking for the risks that do not provide value to those we serve
- · Report hazards and adverse events
- Participate in the learning culture being open and honest about what happened
- · Always make safe choices



Source: David Marx, Patient Safety and the "Just Culture, Outcome Engineering, LLC, 2007

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Just Culture Video Bringham & Women's Hospital https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=Bringham+womens-hospital+just-culture+video&&view=detail&mid=7FB1ED7721C133A89E3E7FB1ED7721C19E3E&FORM=VRDGAR



